

# Highrise WP1

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1- Reminders- framing data for Lyon:

- Towers

- Social data

2- IDH

3- Socio-spatial approaches in Lyon & London

4- Sattelites images

5- Others analysis

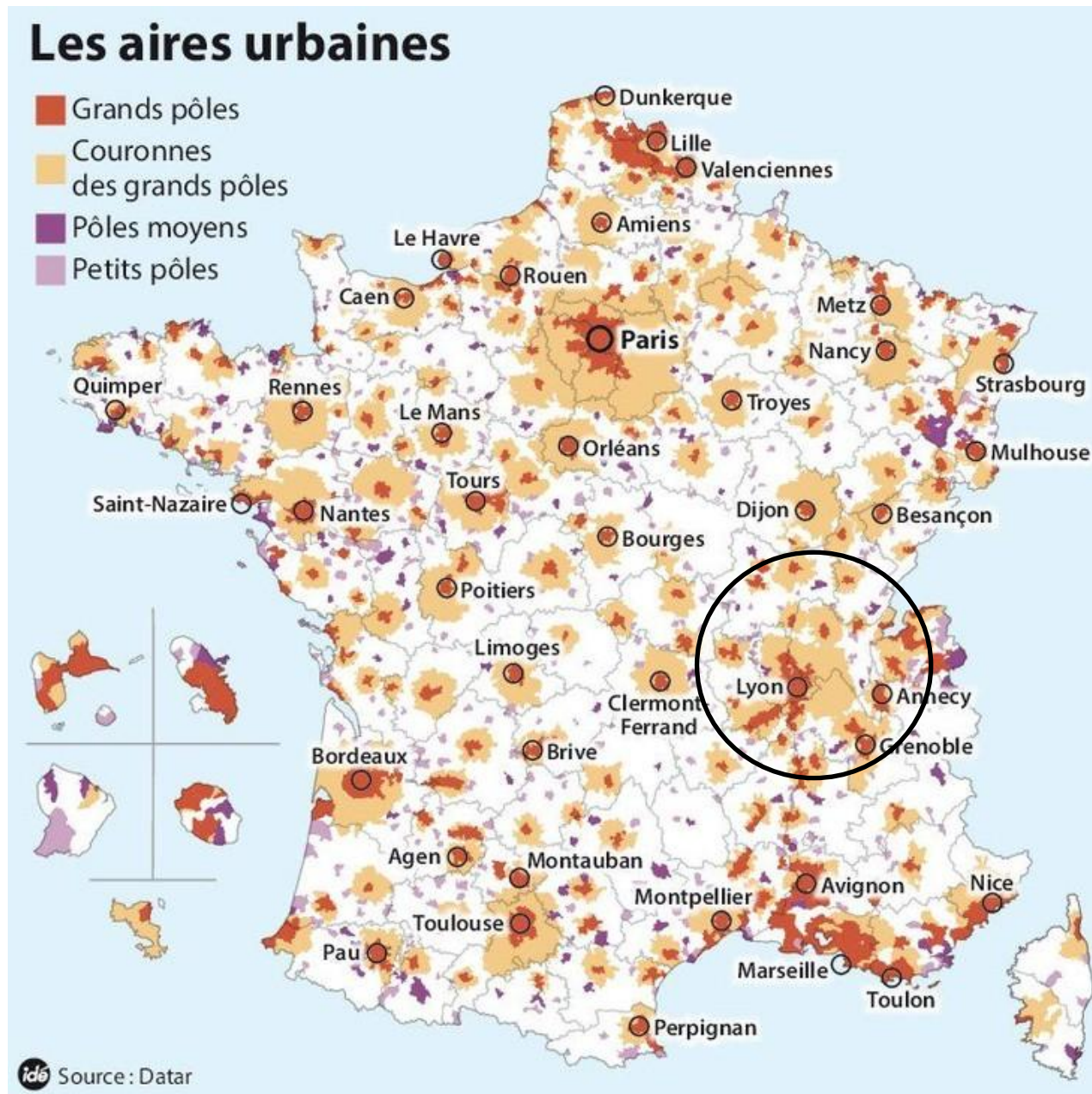
- Clustering

- Toward a morphology description

6- accessibilities



# French urban delineations



# Lyon: different zonings

- Tours (>50m OU >10 étages)

□ Métropole du Grand Lyon

■ Unité Urbaine de Lyon

■ Aire Urbaine de Lyon

« Urban area »

514 communes

6 036 km<sup>2</sup>

371 hab/km<sup>2</sup>

« Urban unit »

130 communes

611 IRIS

1 185 km<sup>2</sup>

1 351 hab/km<sup>2</sup>

« Meropole » /  
Greater Lyon

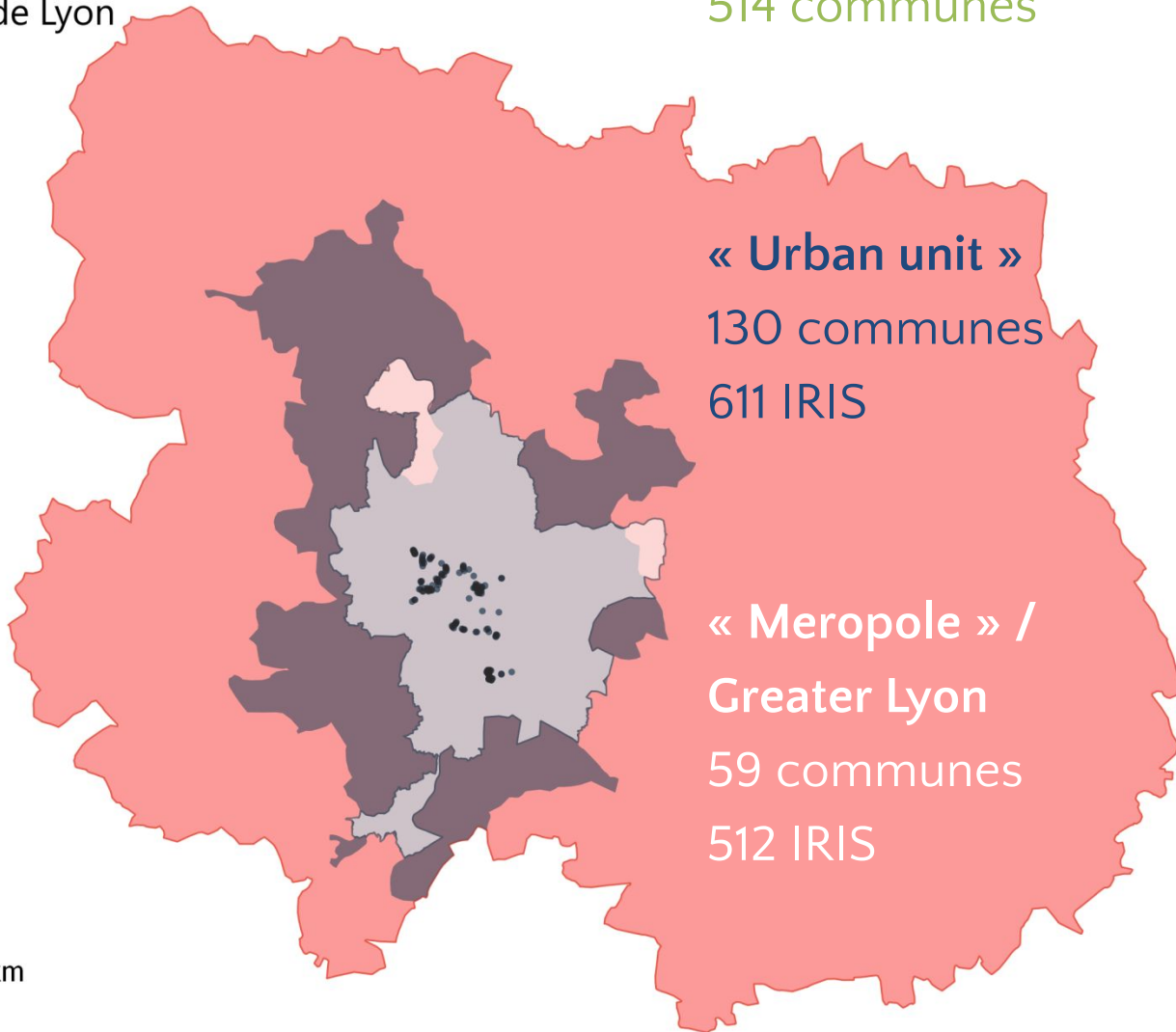
59 communes

512 IRIS

496 km<sup>2</sup>

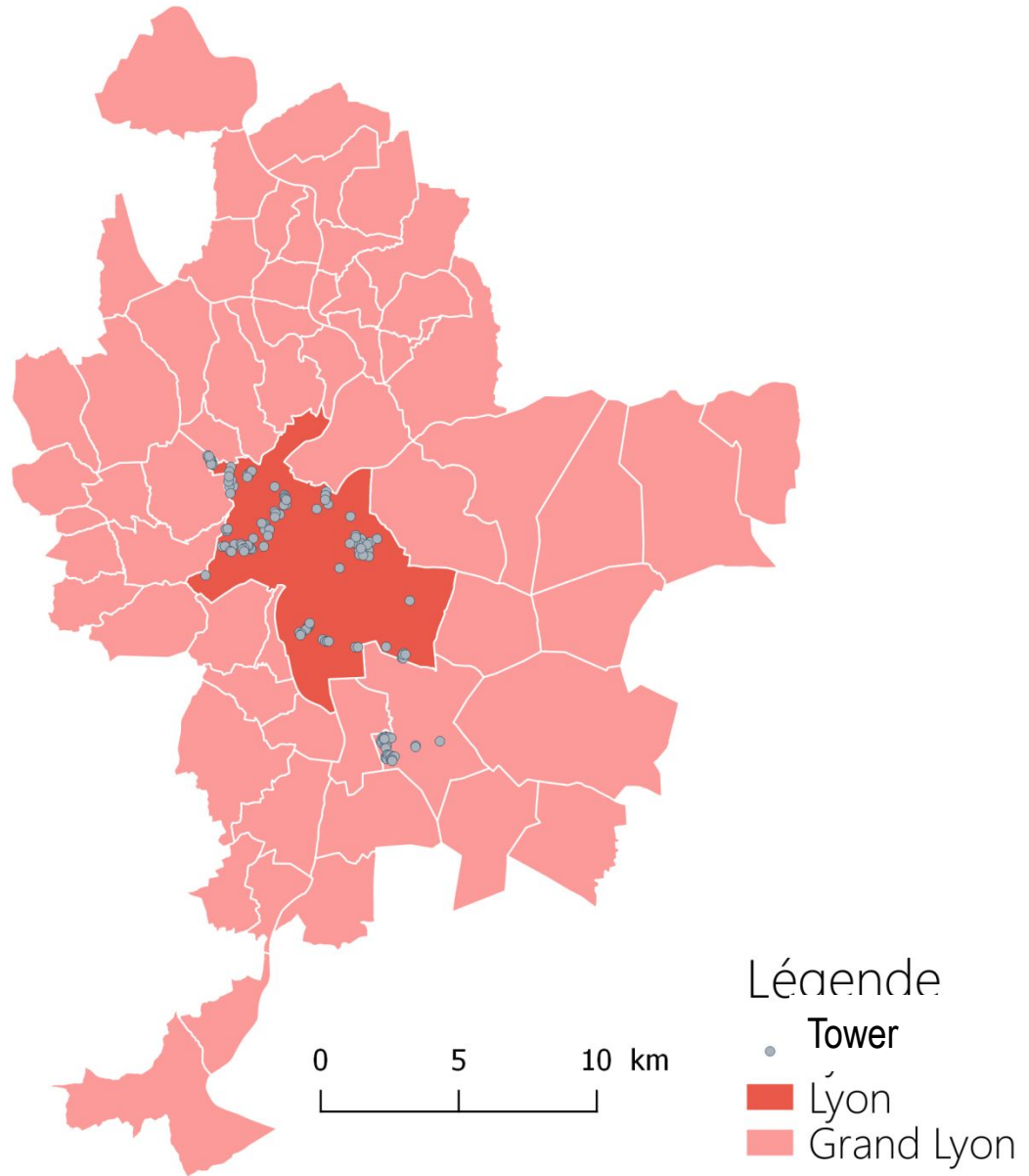
2 668 hab/km<sup>2</sup>

0 10 20 km



1 551 000 inhab  
59 communit

~152 Tower



# Towers and database

- *« ... les immeubles retenus vont avoir une hauteur architecturale supérieure à 50 mètres ou un nombre d'étage supérieur à 10 (« Construction...en hauteur ») dotés de fonctions ; résidentielles. de bureau. administratives. d'hôtellerie ou mixtes (« Construction habitée ») » (rapport de stage 2014 & 2015 programme SKYLINE)*
- **Emporis DataBase** (© Emporis) Buildings higher than 30m =France. Lyon and London – Enriched with projects
- **BD Topo** (IGN) for Lyon (selection of buildings > 30 m).

# Comparison of DataBases

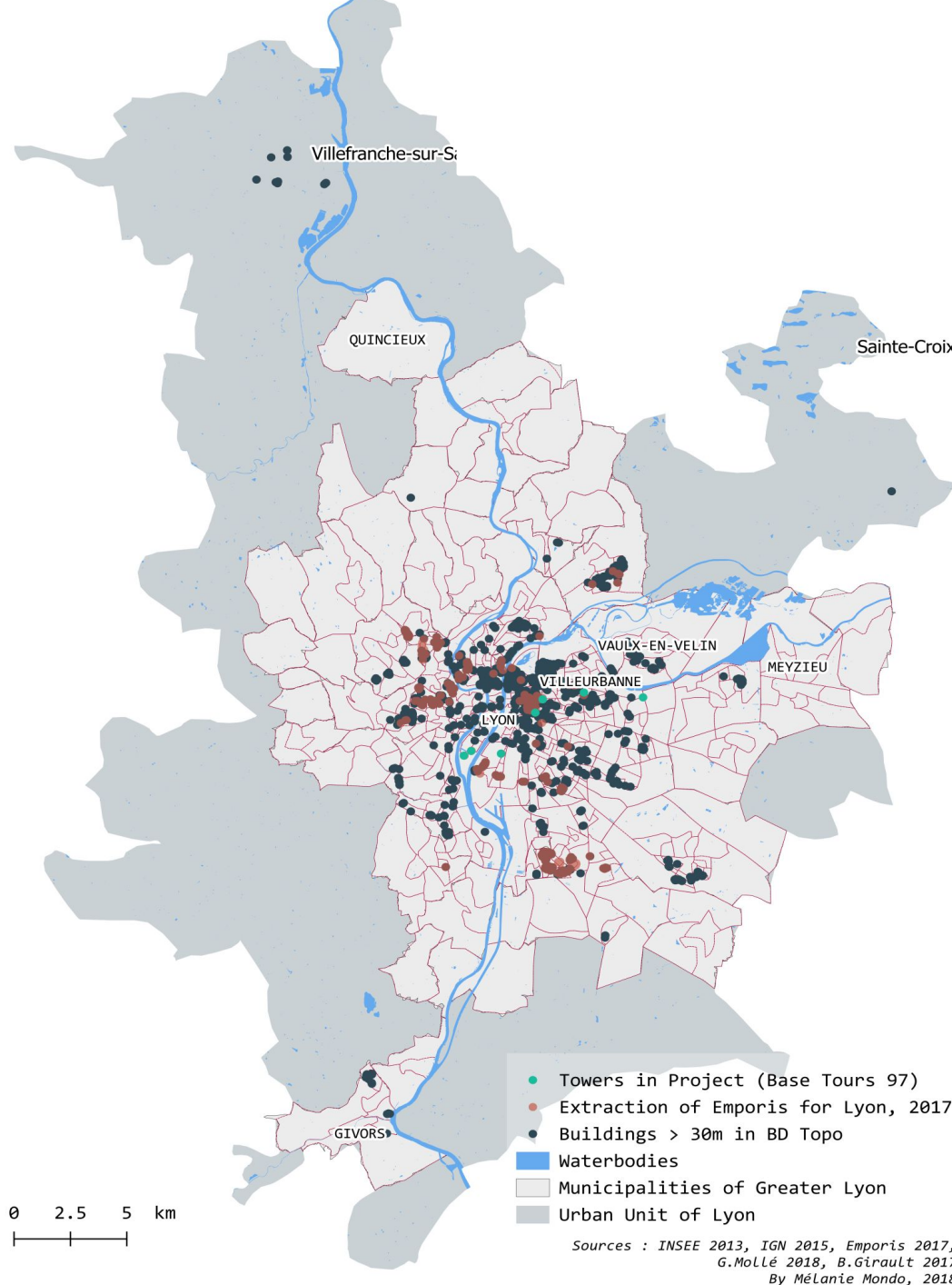
BD TOPO			Common buildings	Emporis		Differences
Criterion	Nb of buildings	Average height		Nb of buildings	Average height	
>= 30m	979	36.07	166	217	55.99	813
>= 40m	259	46.06	120			139
>= 50m	33	57.03	17			16

For the highest, most of differences are linked to definition of the unit and of the height

# High buildings according to different DB

□ **Current Database: Emporis enriched with:**

- **Buildings of BDTPO not in EMPORIS higher than 50m**
- **Buildings in project (G.Mollé)**



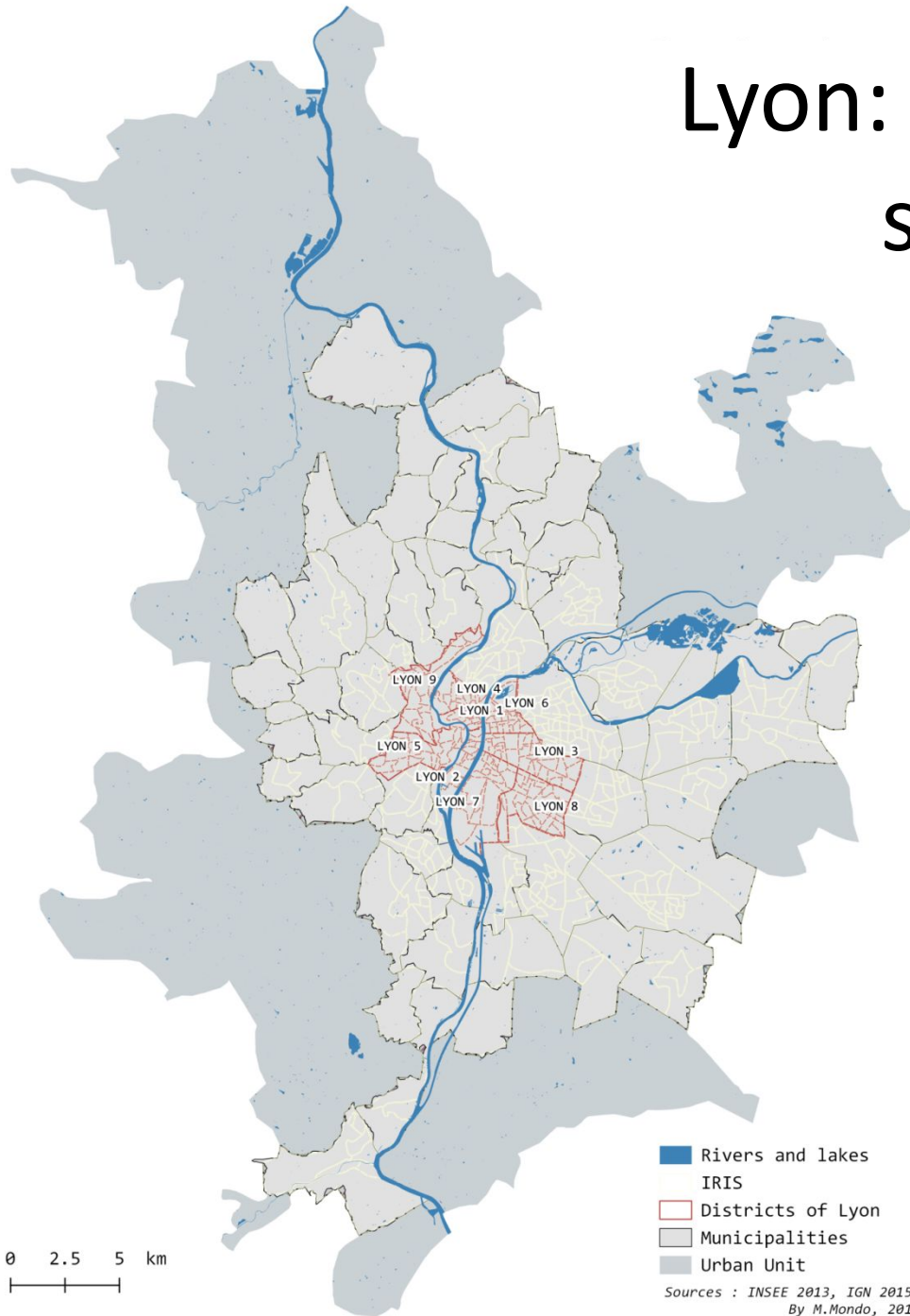


# Heights

		Min	25%	Median	Mean (50%)	75%	Max	sd	Coef. of variation	Mode	Total
London	Emporis	31	39	48.05	58.07	63.89	385.60	32.07	55.23	35	2288
France	Projet	47.89	50.35	55	54.6	56.40	99	6.31	NA	55	97
	Emporis	27	41.89	48.93	52.50	57.70	425	20.79	39.60	44.12	5613
Lyon	Emporis	34.95	47.52	52.42	54.17	57.70	200	16.29	30.06	57.7	217
	BD Topo bat>30m	30	31	33	36.07	40	138	7.46	20.68	30	990

	Office			Residential			Significance
	N	Height Mean (m)	Standard deviation	N	Height Mean (m)	Standard deviation	
Lyon	20 (9.34%)	86.38	54.91	193 (90.19%)	52.34	6.58	***
France	369 (6.57%)	50.55	20.78	5154 (91.82%)	50.48	12.97	***
London	560 (24.47%)	65.10	40.08	1405 (61.41%)	54.09	24.84	***

# Lyon: the zonings for social data



Greater Lyon=

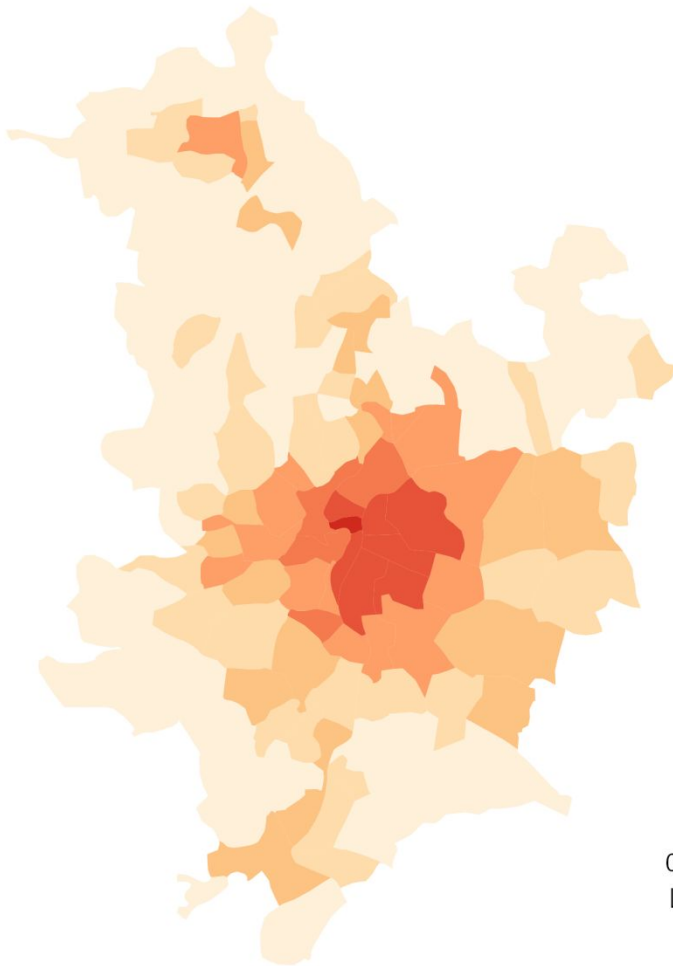
- 59 communities  
whose LYON (9  
arrondissements)

- 518 IRIS zones  
Whose LYON= 185

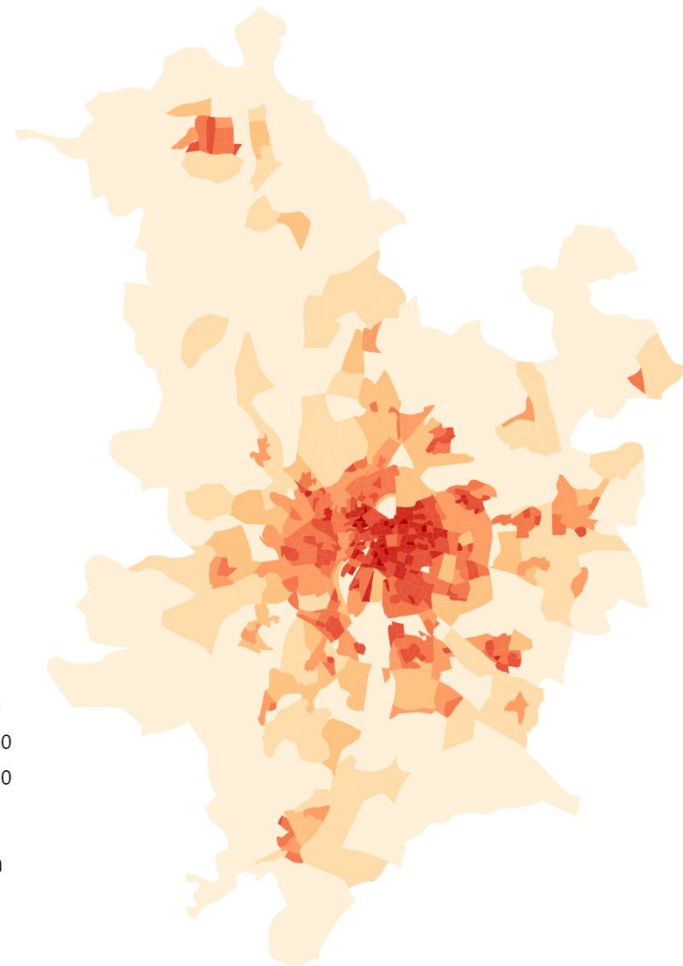
IRIS= Ilots regroupés pour  
l'information statistique  
> 2000 inhabitants (INSEE)

# Densities in the urban unit

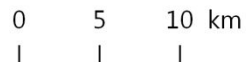
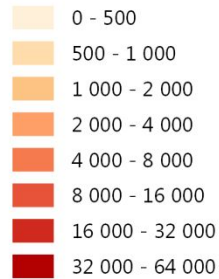
Communes



Iris

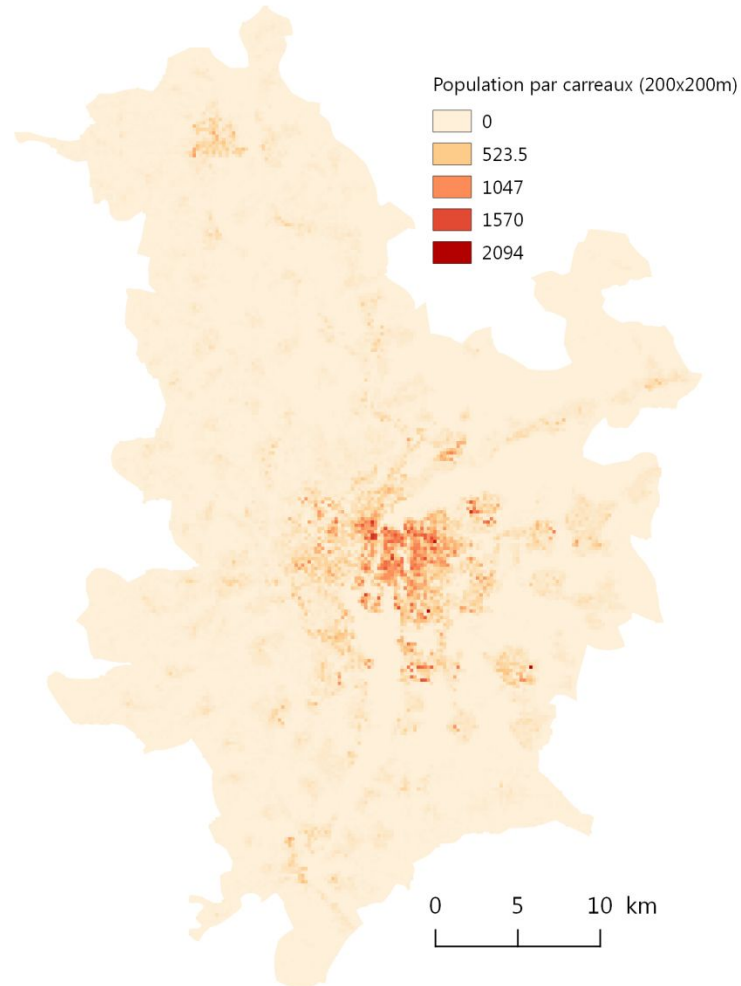


Densité (hab/km<sup>2</sup>)

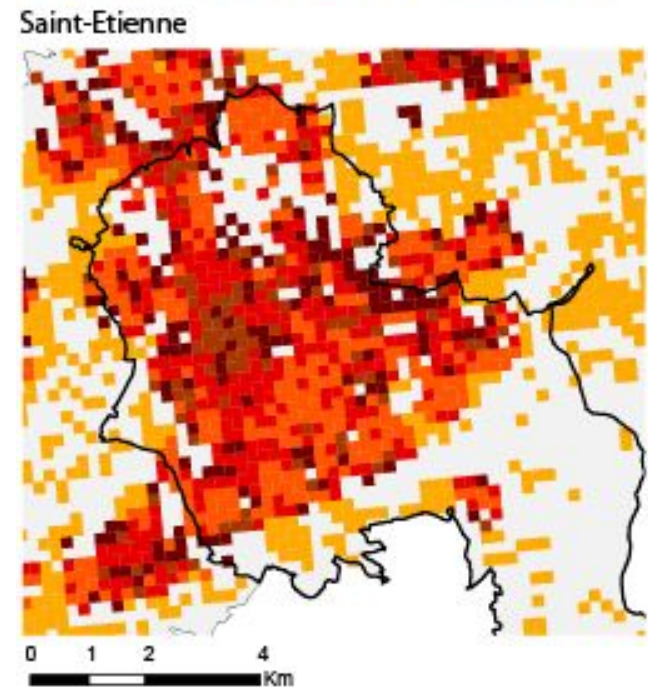
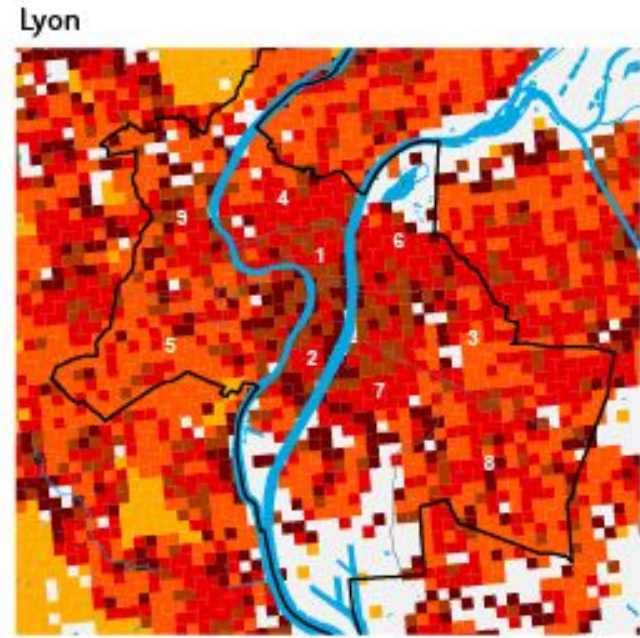
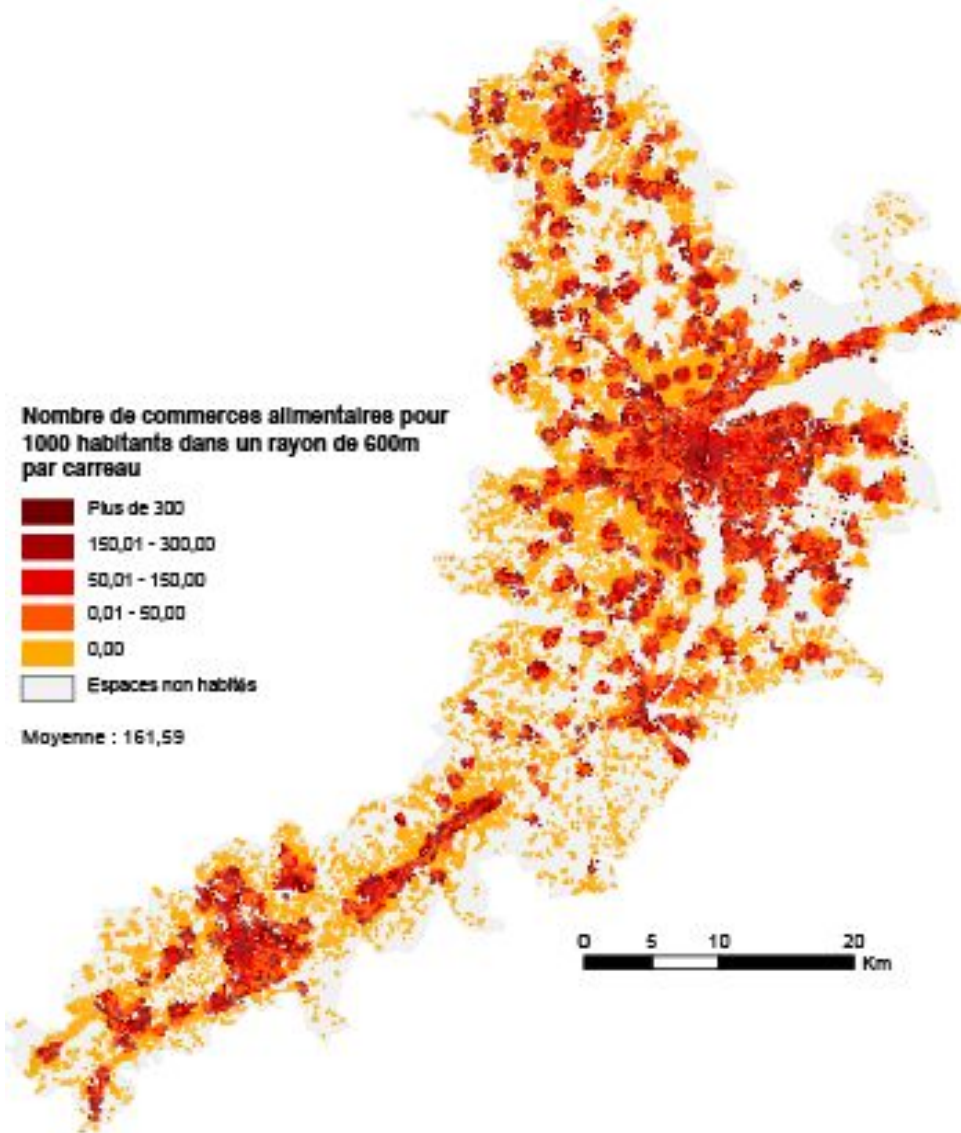


# Densities in the urban unit

Square grid



# Exemple: commercial accessibility in « Lyon/Saint-Etienne area »



# Metropolitan area - Greater Lyon

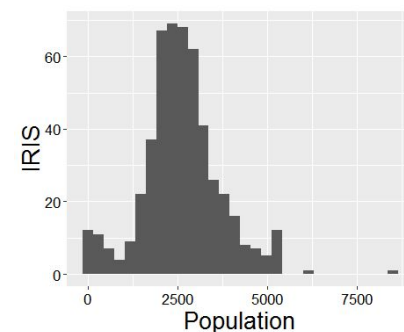
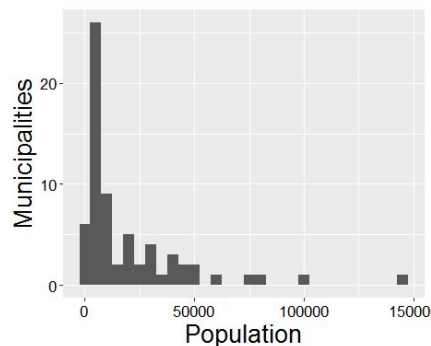
Name	Level 1-Municipalities	Level 2-IRIS	Population	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Built up area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Number of jobs	Number of residents employed	Population density (inh./km <sup>2</sup> )	Built-up Area/Area	Built up density of population
Greater Lyon	59	512	1 324 641	537.53	52.48	683 301	552626	2464.30	0.10	25240.87
Lyon (municipality)	1	185	496 342	47.70	11.19	350 066	221637	10 3608.91	2.22	414532.03
Whose districts of Lyon :										
Lyon 1er		11	29 210	1.51	0.54	21 683	14234	19 395.75	0.36	54092.59
Lyon 2e		15	30 958	3.47	0.88	22 405	13395	8911.34	0.25	35179.55
Lyon 3e		32	98 137	6.28	2.05	71 281	46777	15 636.87	0.33	47871.71
Lyon 4e		15	36 240	2.93	0.65	24 193	16860	12 360.16	0.22	55753.85
Lyon 5e		21	46 692	6.14	1.05	31 489	19016	7 609.52	0.17	44468.57
Lyon 6e		21	49 477	3.76	0.91	33 352	21653	13 148.29	0.24	54370.33
Lyon 7e		24	75 746	9.43	2.21	57 060	35909	8 036.71	0.23	34274.21
Lyon 8e		27	81 453	6.83	1.58	55 596	33127	11 925.77	0.23	51552.53
Lyon 9e		19	48 429	7.36	1.31	33 007	20666	6 584.50	0.18	36968.70

INSEE, 2012

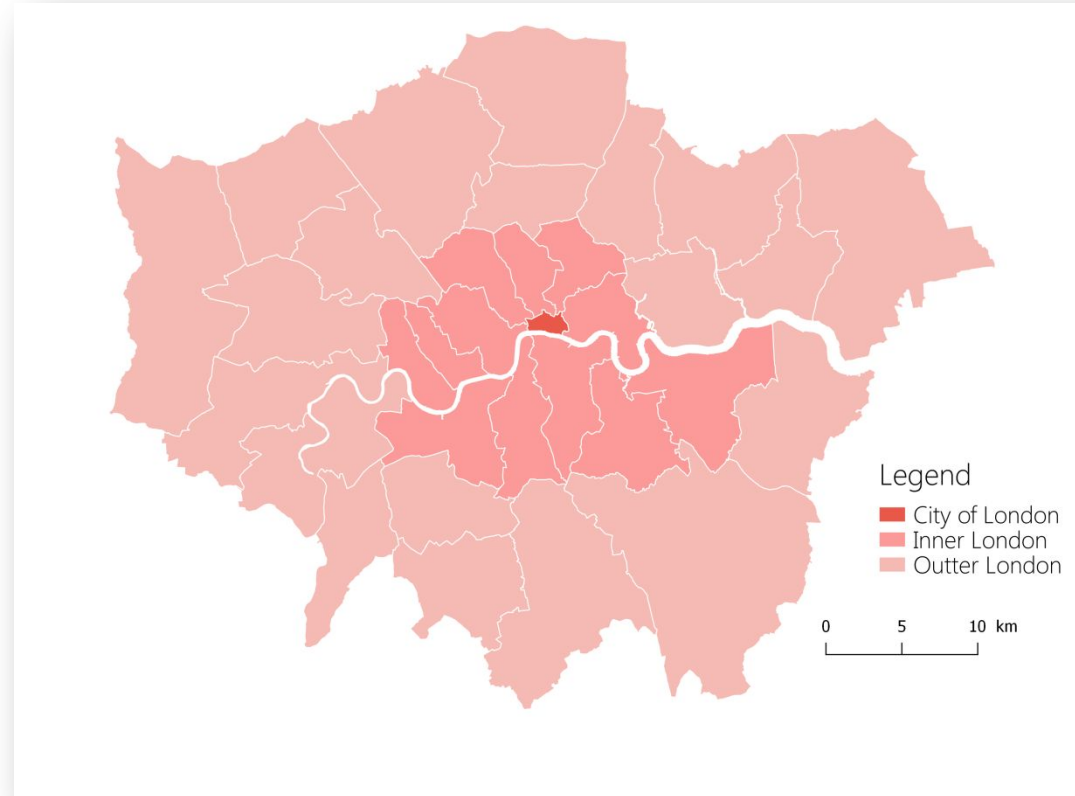
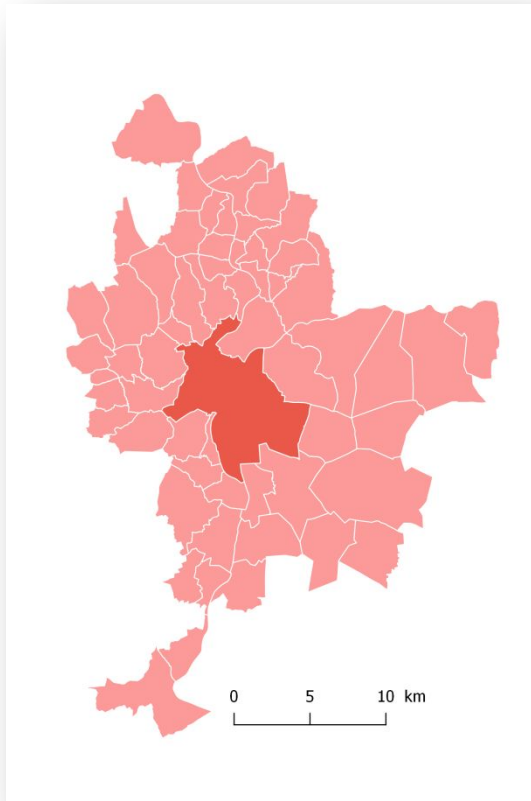
Distribution of the population  
Of Greater Lyon according to the 2 zonings:

- Municipalities

- IRIS



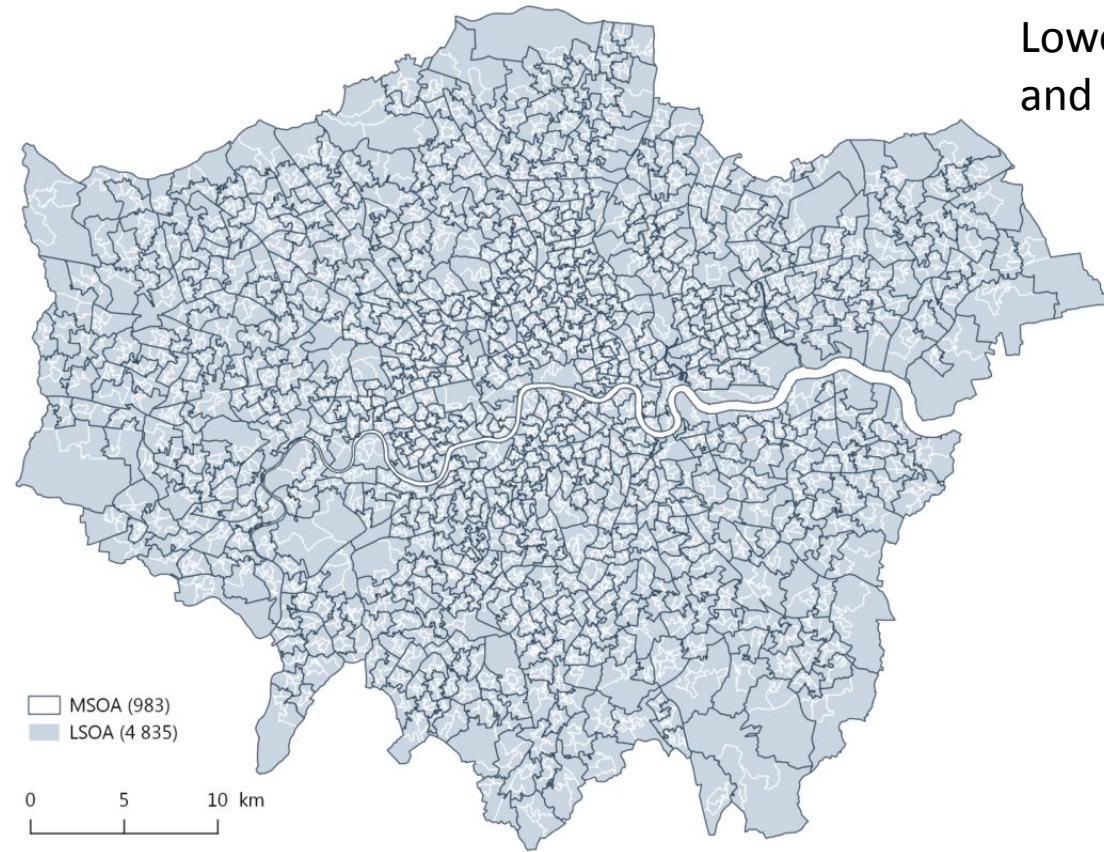
# Two fields



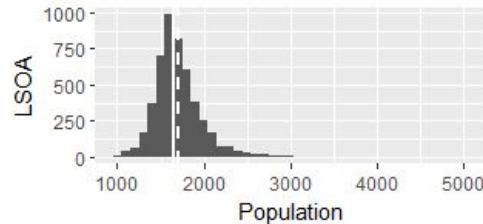
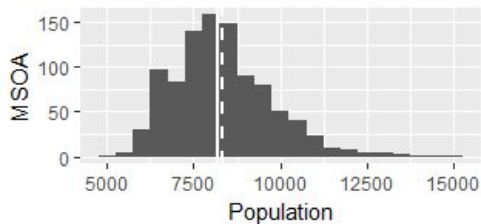


# Greater London

Lower layer Super Output Areas (LSOA) and Middle layer Super Output Areas (MSOA)



	Greater London
<b>Borough (political)</b>	33
<b>Ward (political)</b>	625
<b>OA (statistical)</b>	25 053
<b>LSOA (statistical)</b>	4 835
<b>MSOA (statistical)</b>	983
<b>Area (km<sup>2</sup>)</b>	1 573.5
<b>Total population</b>	8 204 407
<b>Population density</b>	5 214



# IDH

	LONGEVITY	EDUCATION		INCOME
		Adult population	Population of young people	
<b>IDH (PNUD)</b>	Life expectancy at birth	Mean years of Schooling 25+	Expected years of schooling	The national mean income per capita (US\$ ppp2005)
<b>IDH-M (Brasil)</b>	Life expectancy at birth	18+ with primary education completed	5-6 attending school 11-13 attending the final years of primary education 15-17 with primary education completed 18-20 with secondary education completed	Monthly income per capita (R\$ Aug/2010)
<b>IDH-2 (France)</b>	Life expectancy at birth(M/W)	15+ out of school with diploma	///	Median tax household income per consumption unit (in €, translated into \$US and ppp)

# IDH-M

- IDH adapted to Brasil

**Income index :**

$$\frac{[\ln(\text{valeur observée de l'indicateur}) - \ln(\text{valeur minimale})]}{[\ln(\text{valeur maximale}) - \ln(\text{valeur minimale})]}$$

où les valeurs minimales et maximales vont de 2.10 € et 1 063.10 € (aux prix d'août 2010).

**Education index:**

$$\sqrt[3]{\text{Education}(\text{Adult population}) * \text{Education}(\text{Young People})^2}$$

moyenne géométrique de l'indice de fréquence des enfants allant à l'école. avec un poids de 2/3. et de l'indice d'éducation de la population à l'âge adulte. pesant pour 1/3.

**Life expectancy index :**

$$\frac{[(\text{valeur observée de l'indicateur}) - (\text{valeur minimale})]}{[(\text{valeur maximale}) - (\text{valeur minimale})]}$$

où les valeurs minimales et maximales sont de 25 ans et 85 ans. respectivement.

# IDH-2

- Local version of IDH adapted by the urban community of Greater Lyon

**Income index :**

$$\frac{[\log(\textit{median income uc}) - \log(5000)]}{[\log(25000) - \log(5000)]}$$

**Education index :**

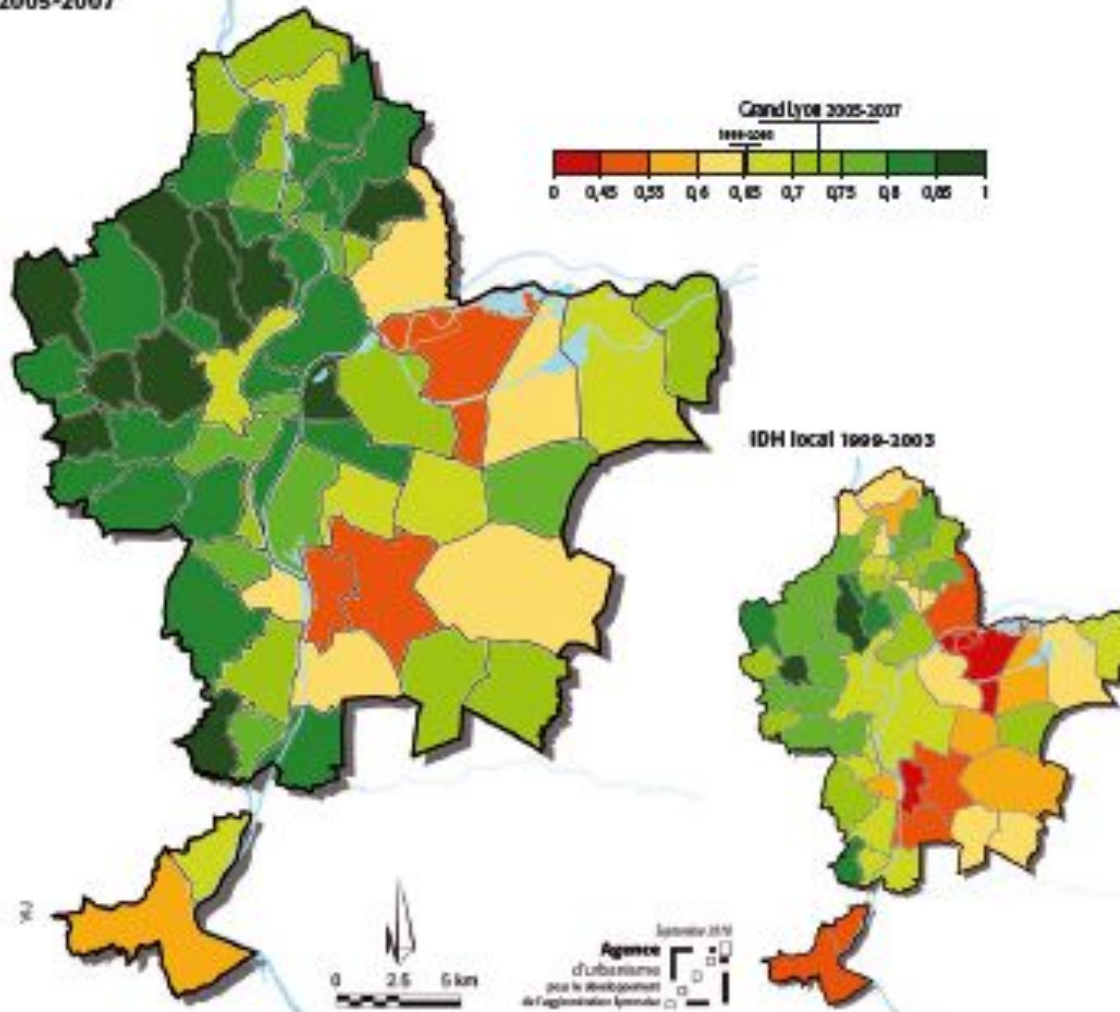
$$\frac{(\% \textit{graduated pop} > 15 \textit{ years} - 50)}{100 - 50}$$

**Life expectancy index :**

$$\frac{\textit{life expectancy} - 65}{85 - 65}$$

# IDH2- computed by Greater Lyon agency

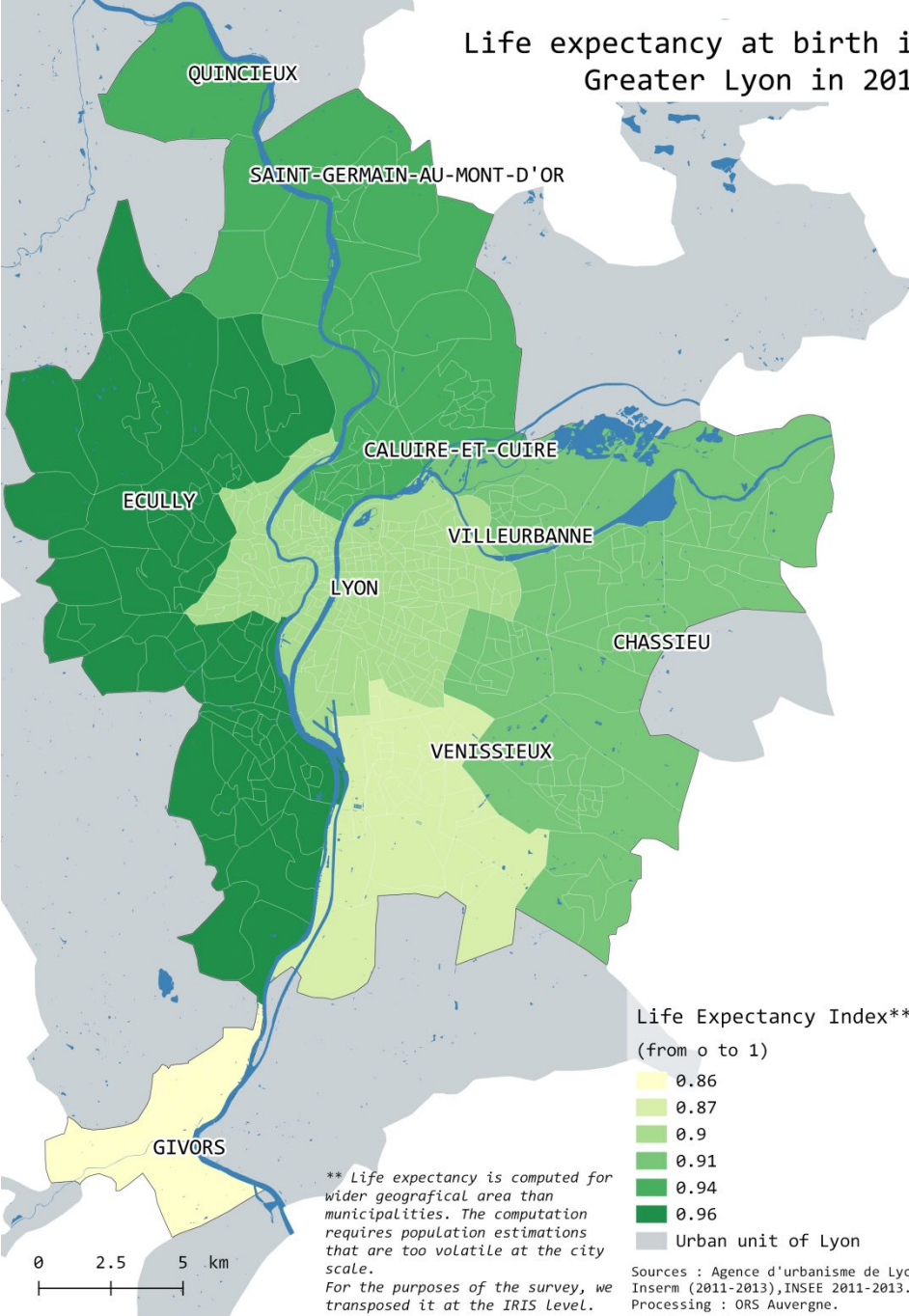
Indice de développement humain local  
2005-2007



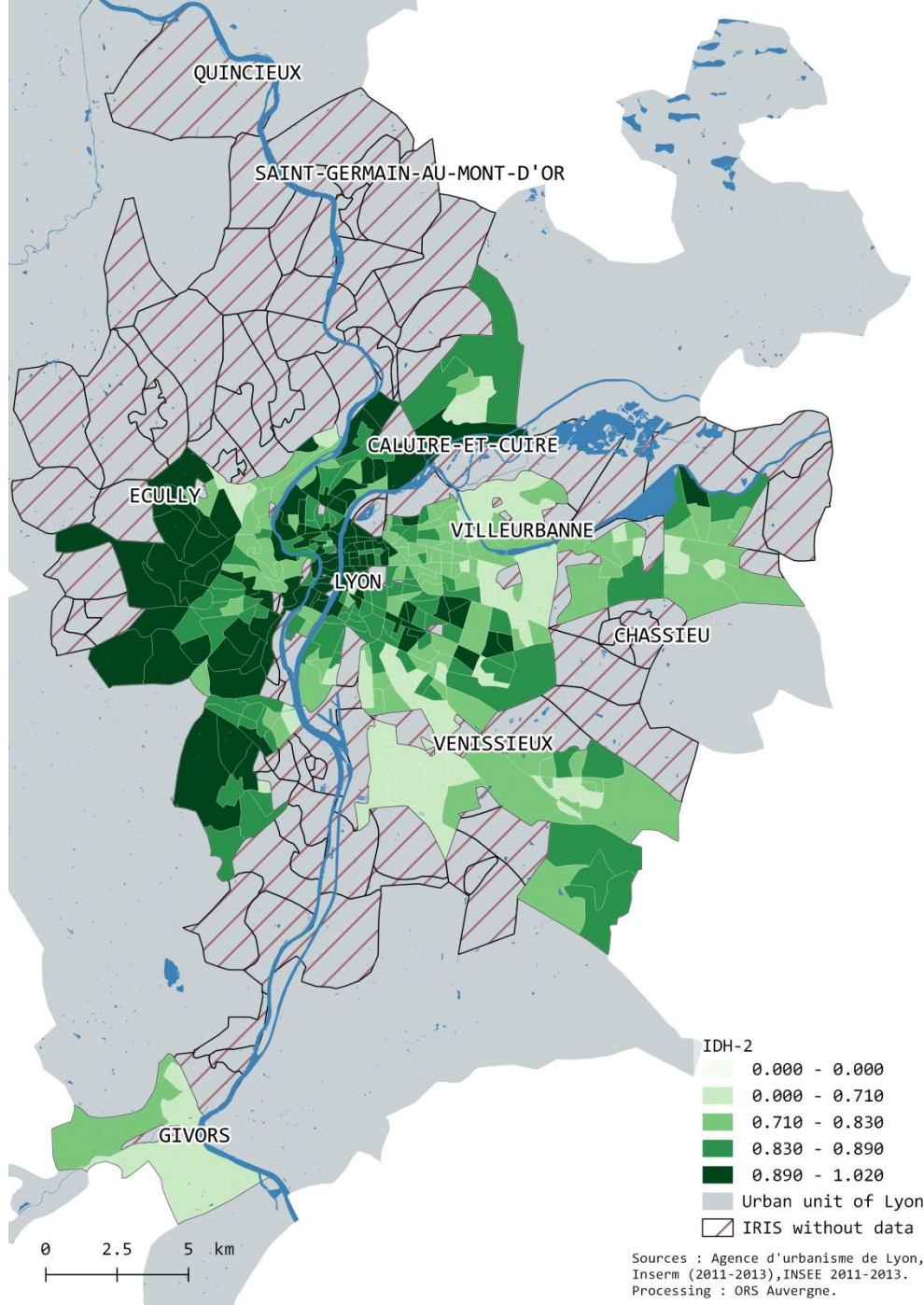
# Focus on Lyon and London

Data	Lyon	London
Longevity	<p><u>Moyenne de l'espérance de vie à la naissance (H/F) Disponible par grands secteurs. UrbaLyon</u></p>	<p>Life expectancy at birth (ward level)</p> <p><a href="https://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/life-expectancy-birth-and-age-65-ward">https://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/life-expectancy-birth-and-age-65-ward</a></p>
Education (Adult)		<p><u>16 or under with full time education completed / Total population (2008 - 2014).</u></p>
Income	<p>Médiane des revenus fiscaux des ménages par unité de consommation (en €. traduit en dollars US et en parité de pouvoir d'achat)</p> <p><a href="https://www.insee.fr/fr/statistiques/1895078#dictionnaire">https://www.insee.fr/fr/statistiques/1895078#dictionnaire</a></p> <p>(Revenus et pauvreté des ménages en 2012 Dispositif Fichier localisé social et fiscal (Filosofi))</p>	<p>Mean and median average gross annual household income for. Lower SOAs. Middle SOAs. Wards and Boroughs. London. 2001/02 to 2012/13.</p> <p><a href="https://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/household-income-estimates-small-areas">https://data.london.gov.uk/dataset/household-income-estimates-small-areas</a></p>

# Life expectancy at birth in Greater Lyon in 2012



# IDH-2 for Iris in Greater Lyon





# **OTHER SOCIO-SPATIAL APPROACH IN LYON & LONDON**

# Data

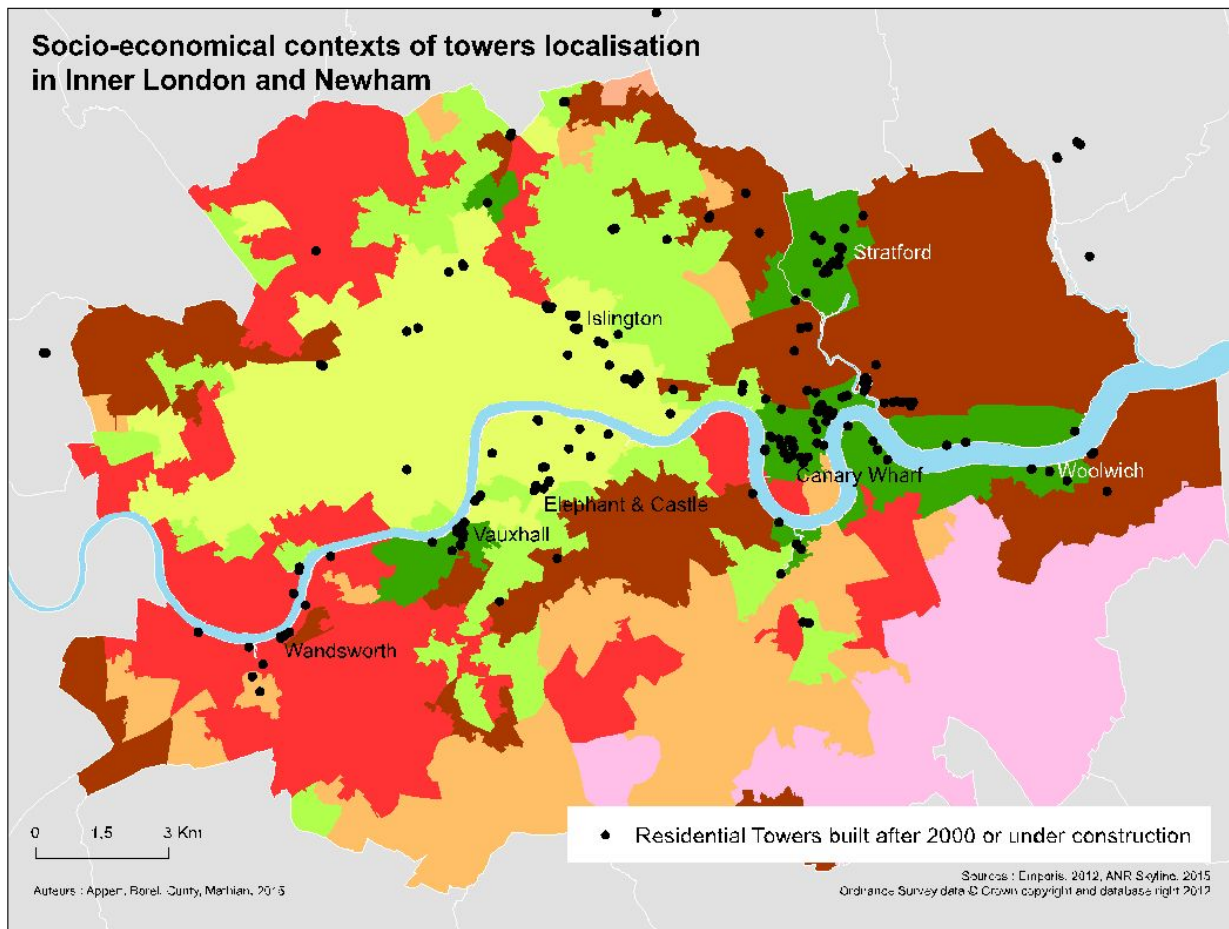
6 dimensions about population

- demography
- Social composition
- Housing
- Mobility (effective and potential)
- Accessibility
- Housing Market

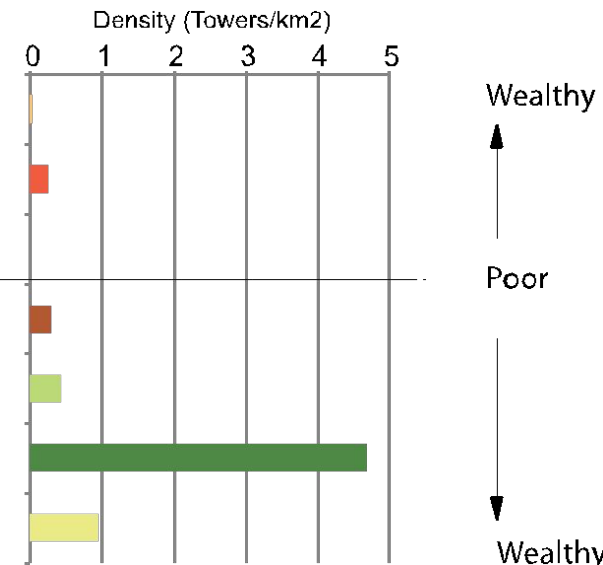
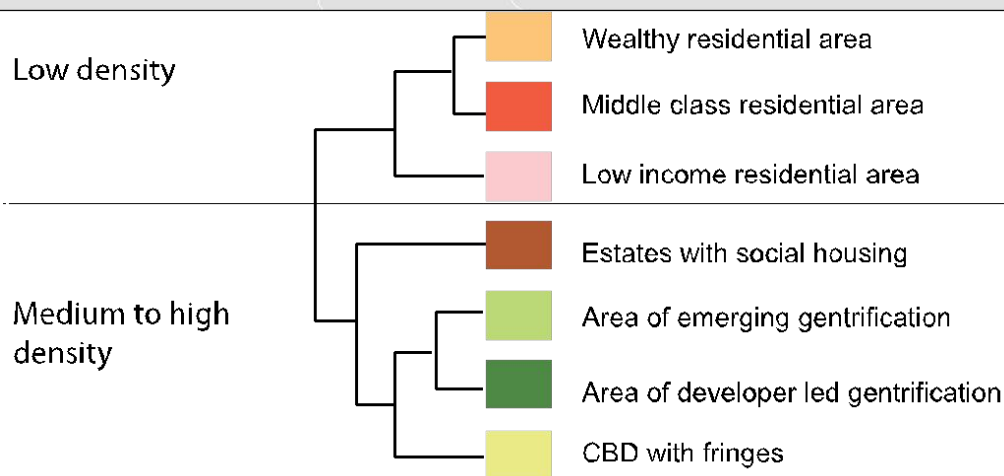
# Data

Dimension	Description	London	Lyon
Demography	The older (>60 ans), the younger (<20)	X	X
Demography	Family composition (1P, more)	X	X
Employment	Occupied, unemployed	X	X
Social	Socio-professional categories (high/int/low),	X	X
Mobility	Without car, using public transport/ car for work	X	X
Mobility	Living and working in the same community	X	X
Housing	Overcrowding housing, underdensified	X	X
Housing	Housing occupied by owner, Social housing	X	X
Housing	Housing built before 1946, after ???	-	X
Housing Market	Prices (sell) / income	X	Soon !!
Accessibility	Global accessibility (centre, amenities, transport...)	X	-

# Socio-economical contexts of towers localisation in Inner London and Newham



# London





## Dulwich College

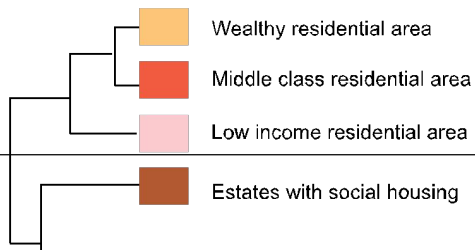
[www.openplay.co.uk](http://www.openplay.co.uk)



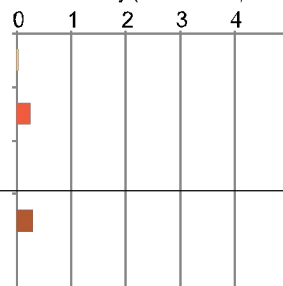
## Catford

<http://www.shutterstock.com/>

Low density



Density (Towers/km<sup>2</sup>)



Wealthy

Poor

## Eltham

[www.robinson-jackson.com](http://www.robinson-jackson.com)



## Aylesbury Estate

[fightfortheaylesbury.wordpress.com](http://fightfortheaylesbury.wordpress.com)





Brixton

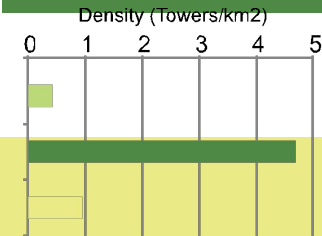
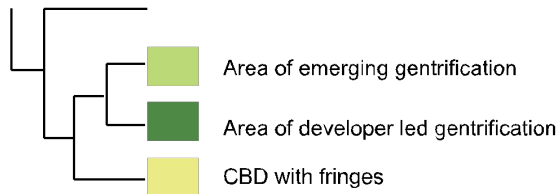
<http://www.urban75.org/>



Greenwich Peninsula

<http://www.knightdragon.com/greenwich-peninsula/timeline>

Medium to high density



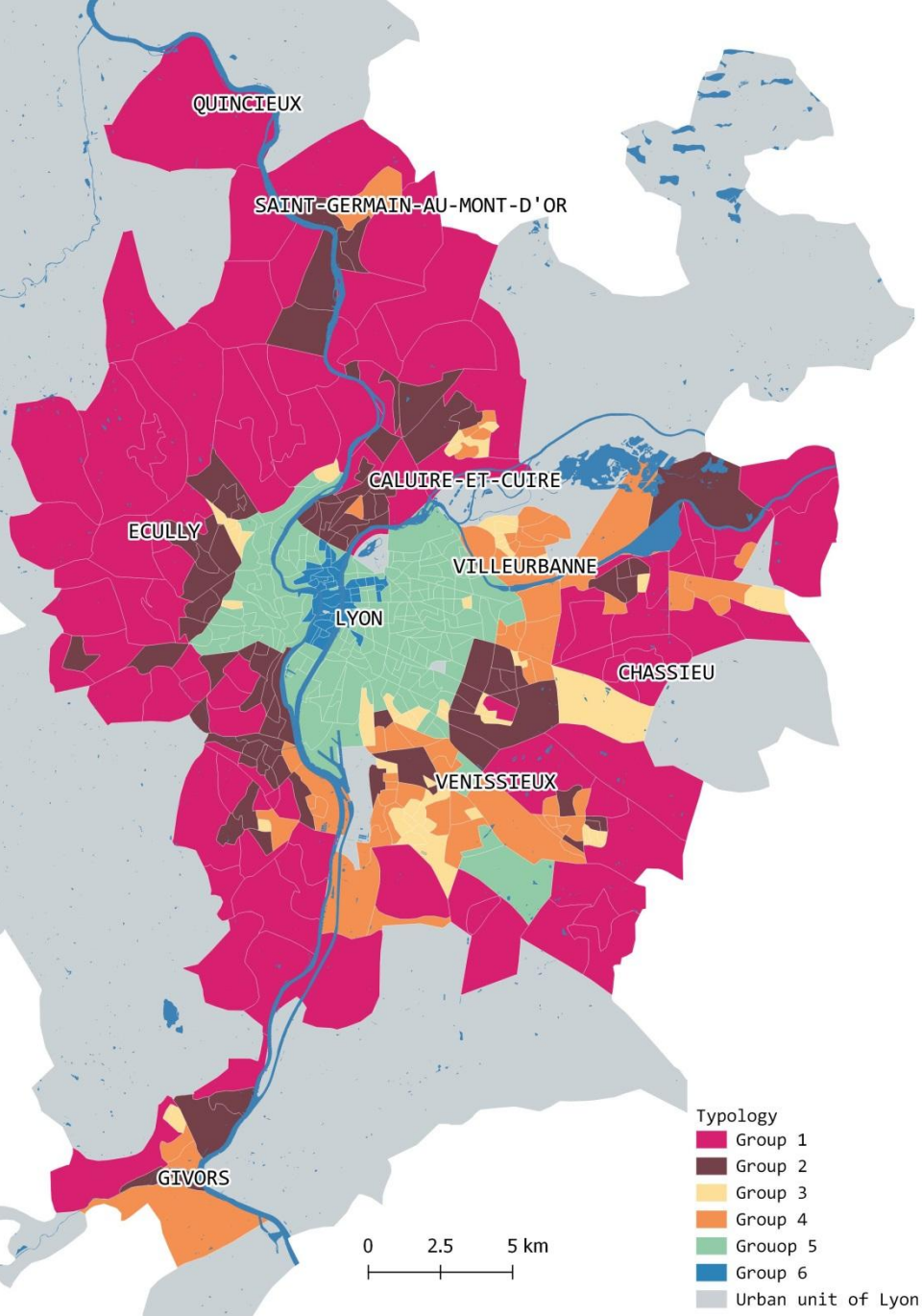
wealthy

The city

M. Appert, 2013

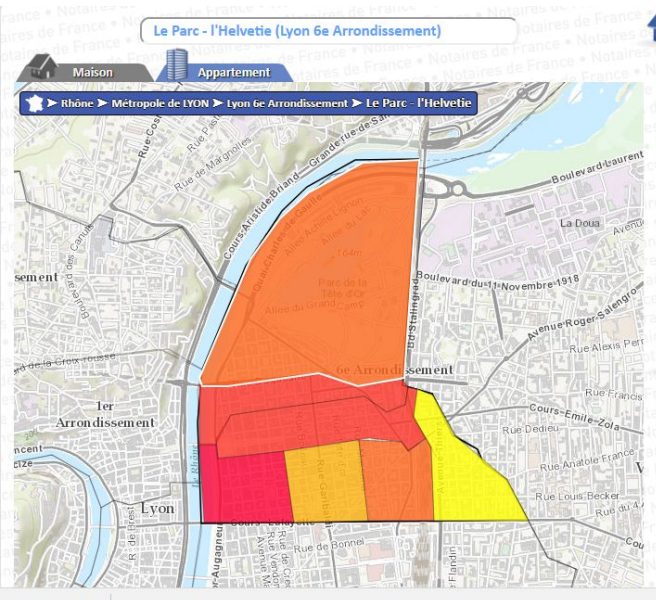


# First results for Lyon



Work in progress

# Housing prices: exploration



- Selling => « BIENS » DB= notary federation / VERY EXPENSIVE

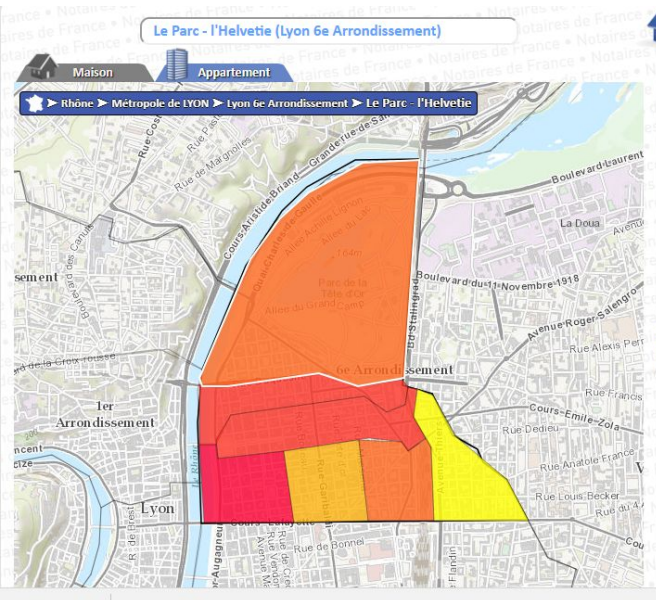
□ <https://barometre.immobilier.notaires.fr/appartements-anciens/departement/rhone/69/commune/lyon-6e-arrondissement/69386/quartier/charmottes---bellecombe/6938607>

- Data are mapped at a geographical level which correspond to agregation of IRIS

It may be used to validate webscraping of « seloger.com » and « airbnb »



# Housing prices: exploration



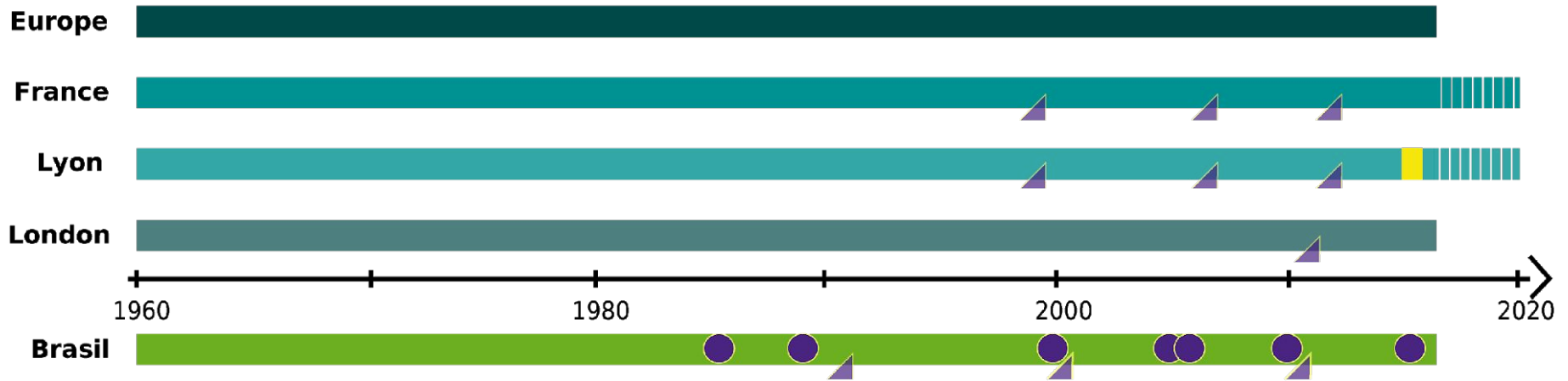
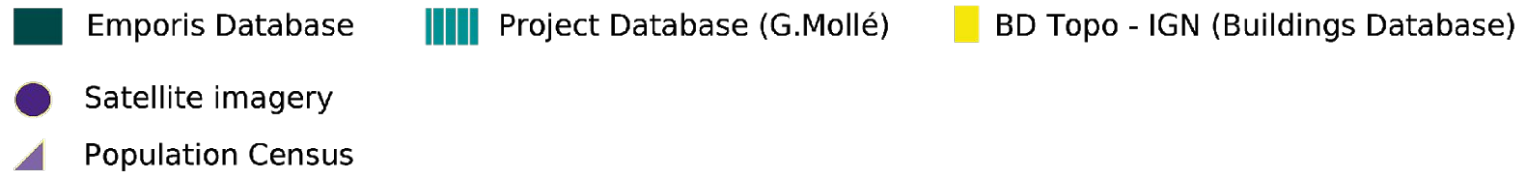
- Selling => « BIENS » DB= notary federation / VERY EXPENSIVE

□ <https://barometre.immobilier.notaires.fr/appartements-anciens/departement/rhone/69/commune/lyon-6e-arondissement/69386/quartier/charmettes---bellecombe/6938607>

□ Rent => [https://www.observatoires-des-loyers.org/niveau-des-loyers.htm#ci=69123&ca=L6900&address=69000+Lyon&type\\_loyer=stock](https://www.observatoires-des-loyers.org/niveau-des-loyers.htm#ci=69123&ca=L6900&address=69000+Lyon&type_loyer=stock)

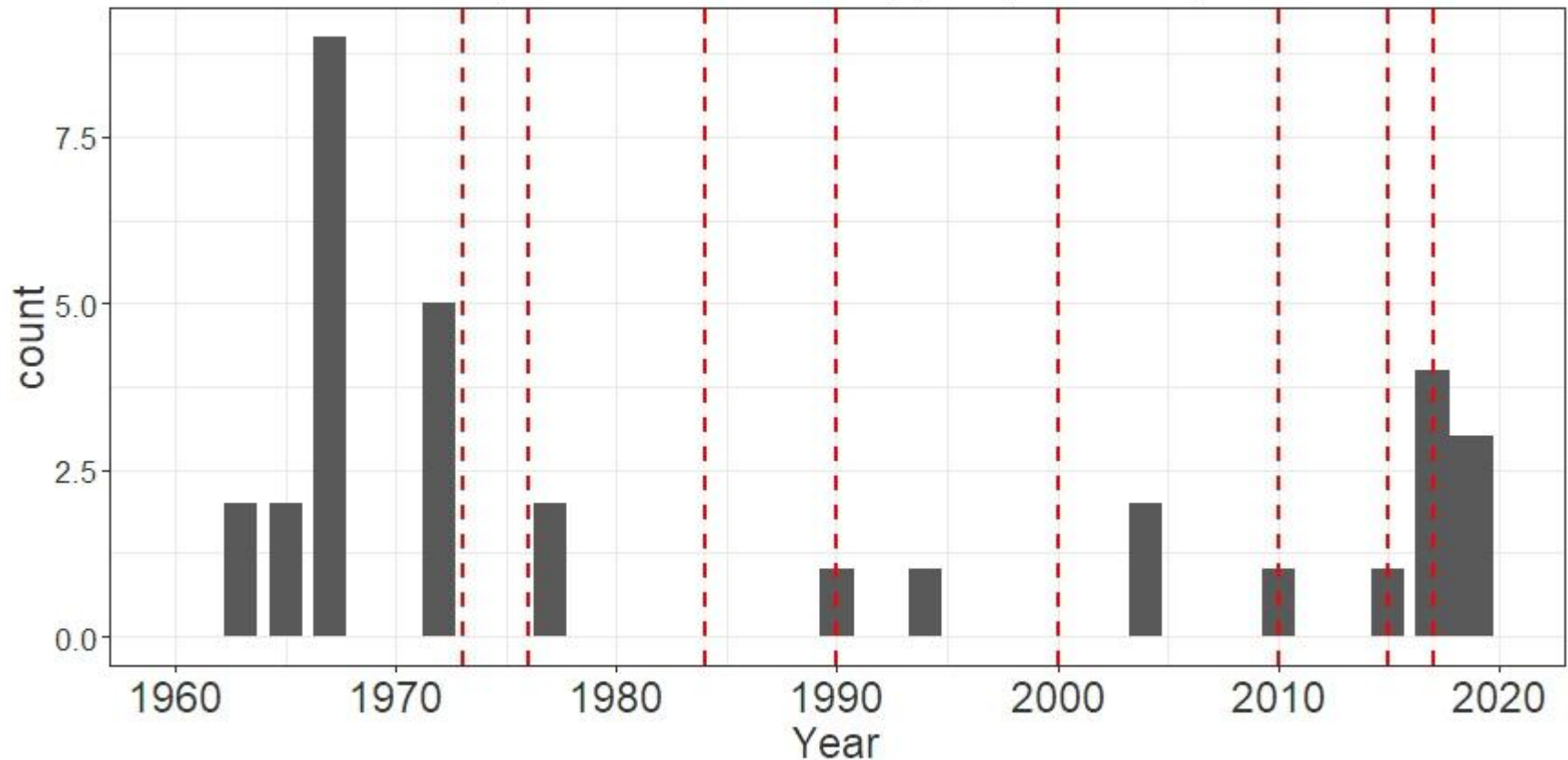
# **SATTELITE IMAGES**

# HIGHRISE : An overview of data's availability



# Available Sattelite images according to « *verticalisation process* » in Lyon

Number of towers, built or validated, per year in Lyon



┆ Landsat image

source : Emporis 2017, G.Mollé 2018, By M.Mondo, 2018

Date	LANDSAT-ProductID	Satellite	Year	Resolution	Bands
21/03/1973	LM12120281973080AAA04	Landsat1 – MSS	1973	60	Green, Red, Near Infrared, Near Infrared
01/04/1990	LT05_L1TP_197028_19900401_20180216_01_T1	Landsat5-TM	1990	30	Blue, Green, Red, NIR, SWIR 1, Thermal, SWIR 2
08/06/2000	LT05_L1TP_196028_20000608_20180312_01_T1	Landsat5-TM	2000	30	Blue, Green, Red, NIR, SWIR 1, Thermal, SWIR 2
07/08/2010	LT05_L1TP_196028_20100807_20180128_01_T2	Landsat5-TM	2010	30	Blue, Green, Red, NIR, SWIR 1, Thermal, SWIR 2
16/07/2017	LC08_L1TP_197028_20170716_20170727_01_T1	Landsat8-OLI	2017	30	Blue, Green, Red, NIR, SWIR 1, Thermal, SWIR 2

1- Cluster Analysis

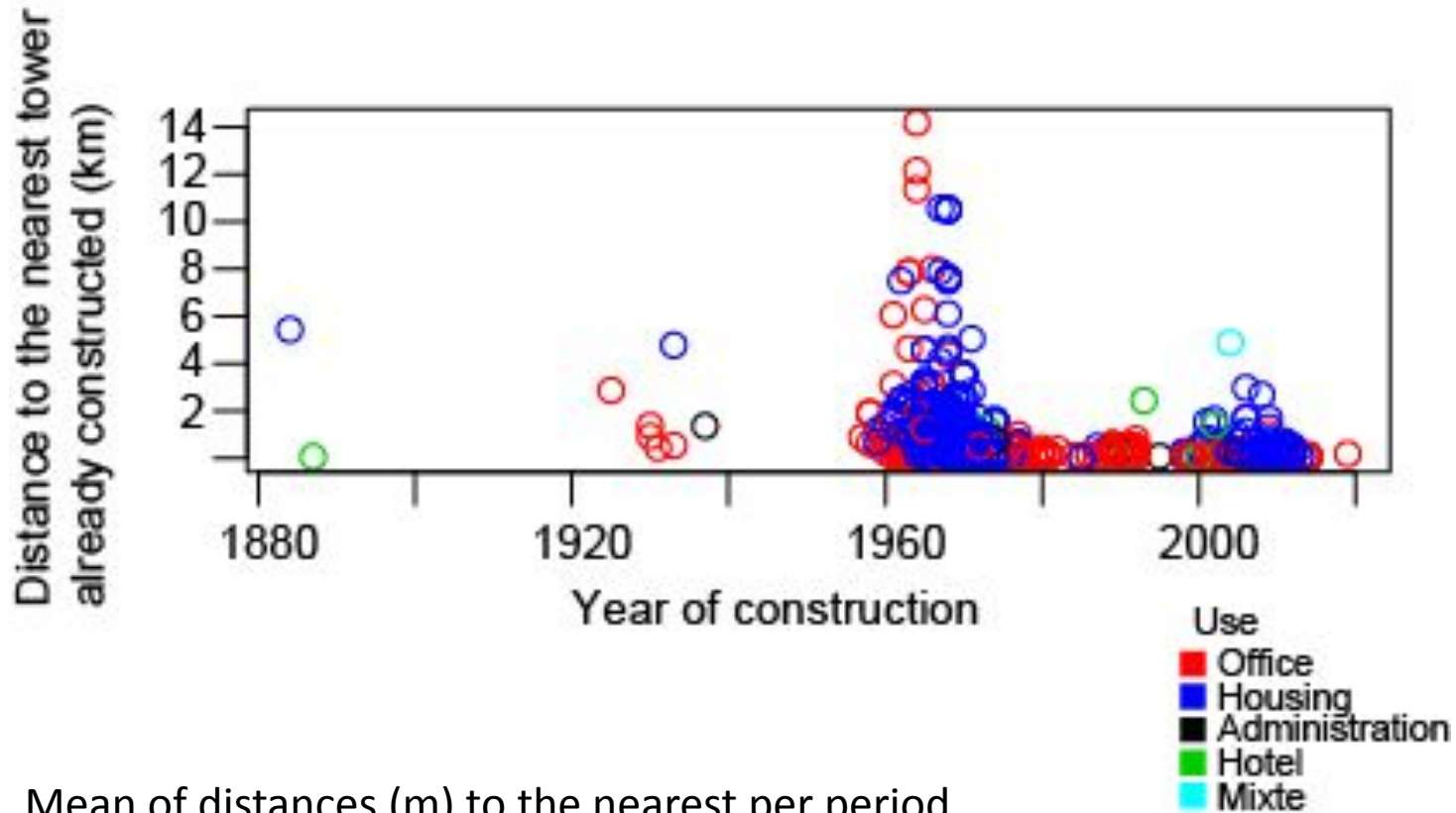
2- Morphological analysis

# **OTHERS ANALYSIS**

# The localisation logic

- Different choices of localization:

towards a tightening



Mean of distances (m) to the nearest per period

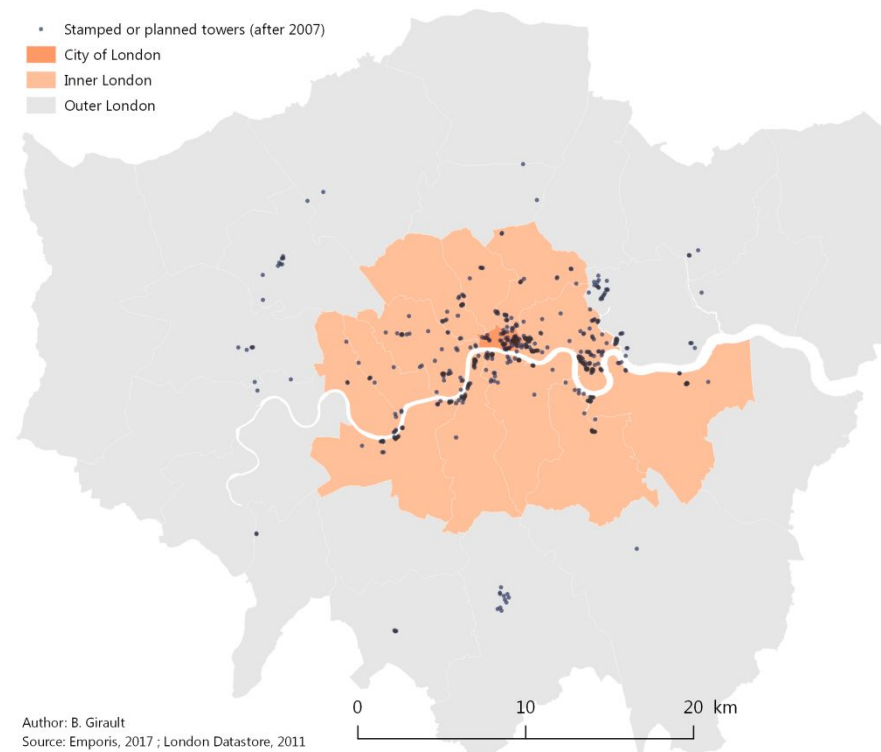
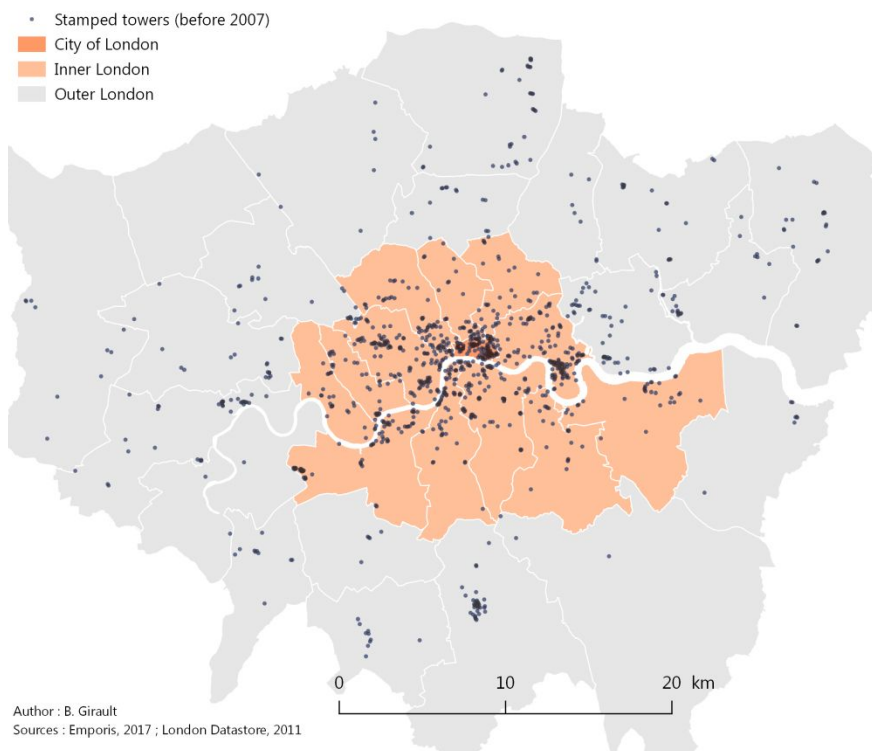
1960-1970	1970-1980	1980-1990	1990-2000	2000-2010	After 2010
1600	470	210	500	375	160

# Tours Emporis (before et after 2007)

□ 1616 towers / 2288 (total Emporis)

Before 2007 : 1124 towers

After 2007 : 492 towers

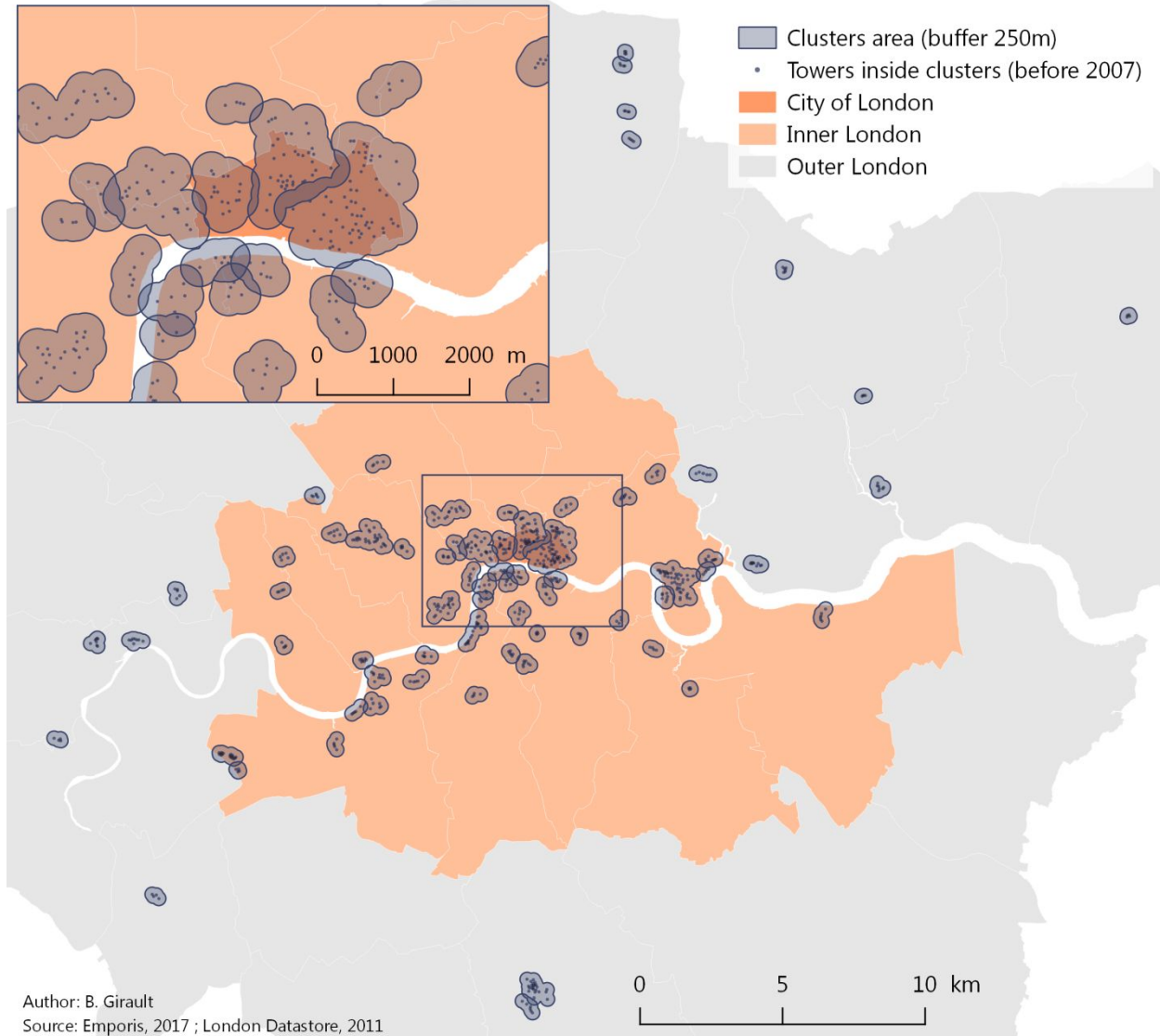
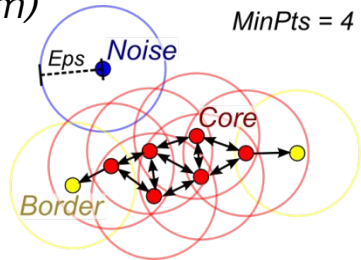




# Which logic of towers' concentration

Spatial clusters before  
2007  
69 clusters

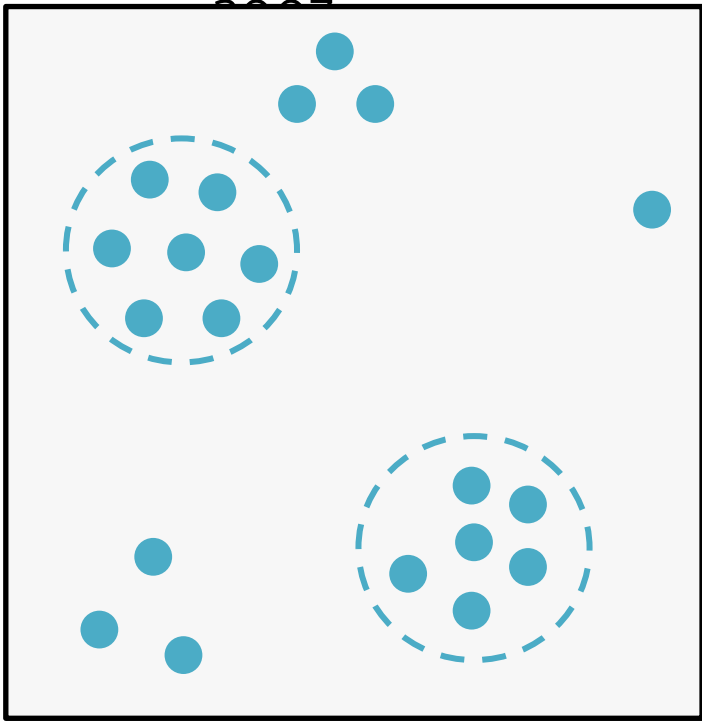
*db\_Scan* (4 tours, *Eps* =  
250m)



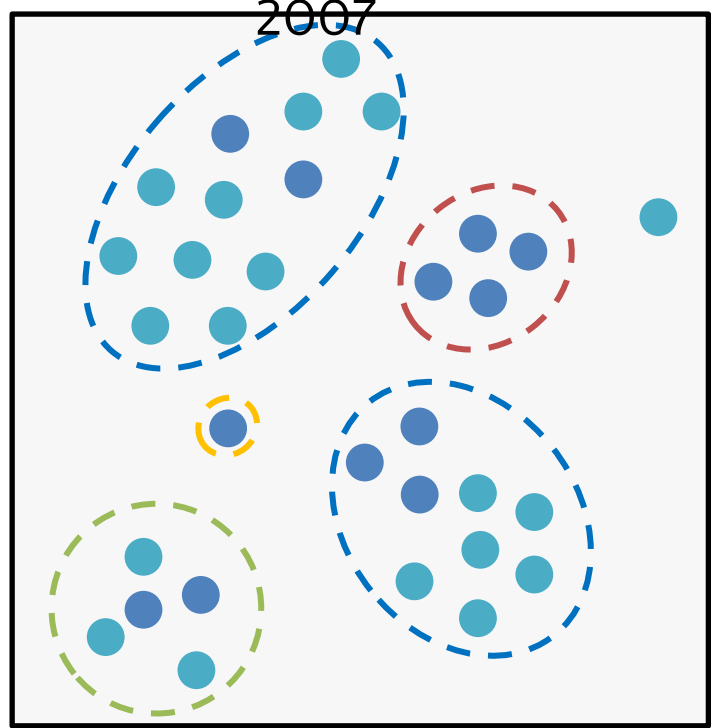
db\_Scan (4 tours, Eps = 250m)

# Different theoretical cases of evolution

Before



After



- Tower built before
- Clusters of towers

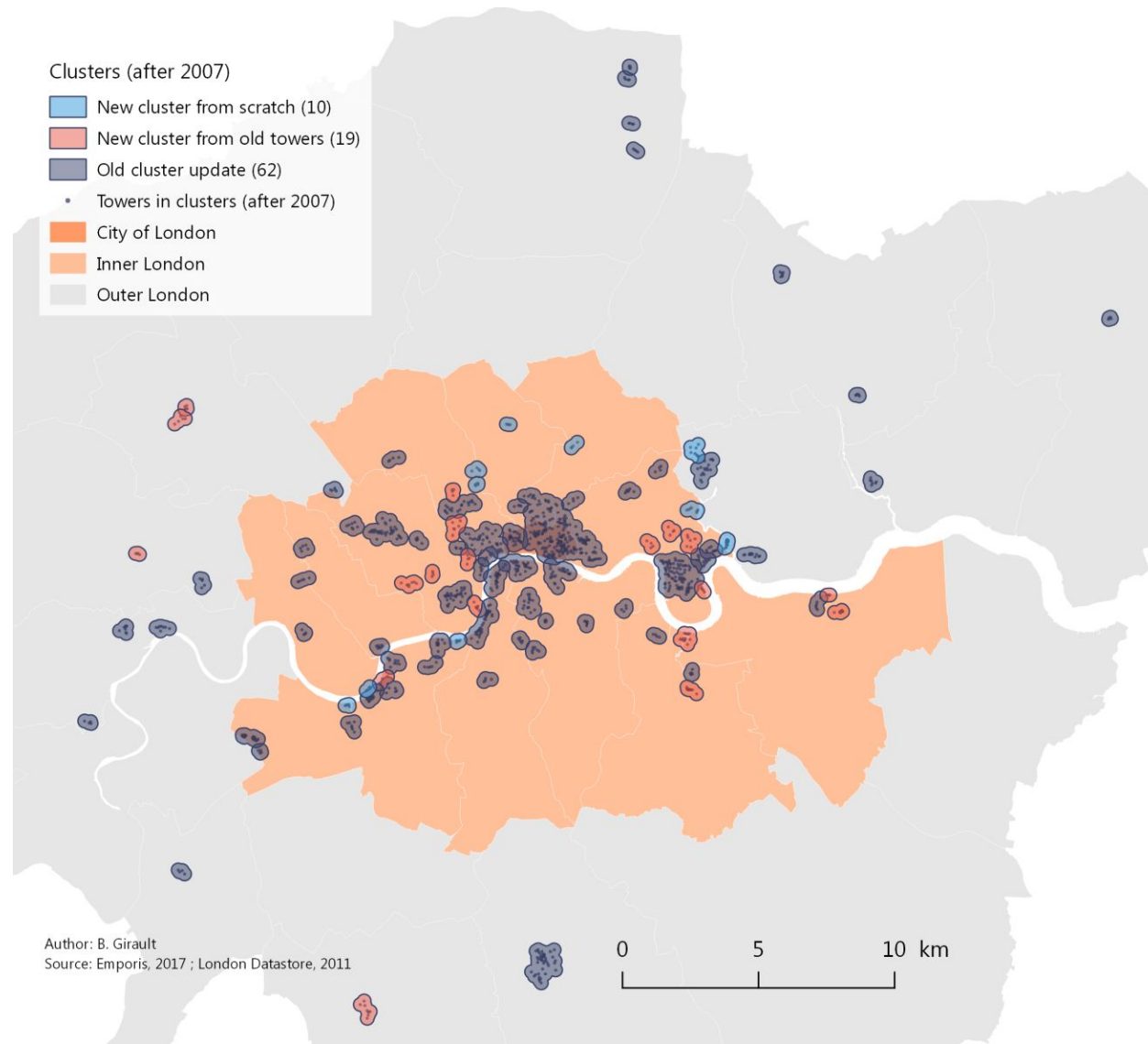
- Tower built after
- Outside cluster (Case 1)
- New cluster (Cas 2)
- New cluster integrating old tower (Case 3)
- Update of existing cluster (Case 4)

# London type of towers' concentration after 2007

## Evolution of the clusters (before/ after 2007)

91 clusters

- 10 new clusters
- 19 from existing towers
- 7 fusion of clusters



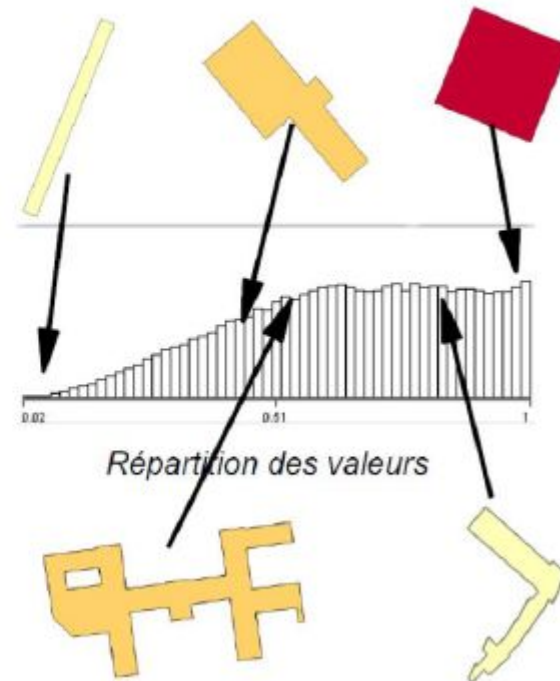
# Morphological characterisation of the neighbouring context of the tower

Is that possible to describe the built up morphology at the level of territorial units?

In order to study the different morphological urban context of the towers implantation.

# Explorations (Jimmy Chamberland IGN-COGIT)

- Different indexes= elongation
- > Smallest Minimum Bounding Rectangle

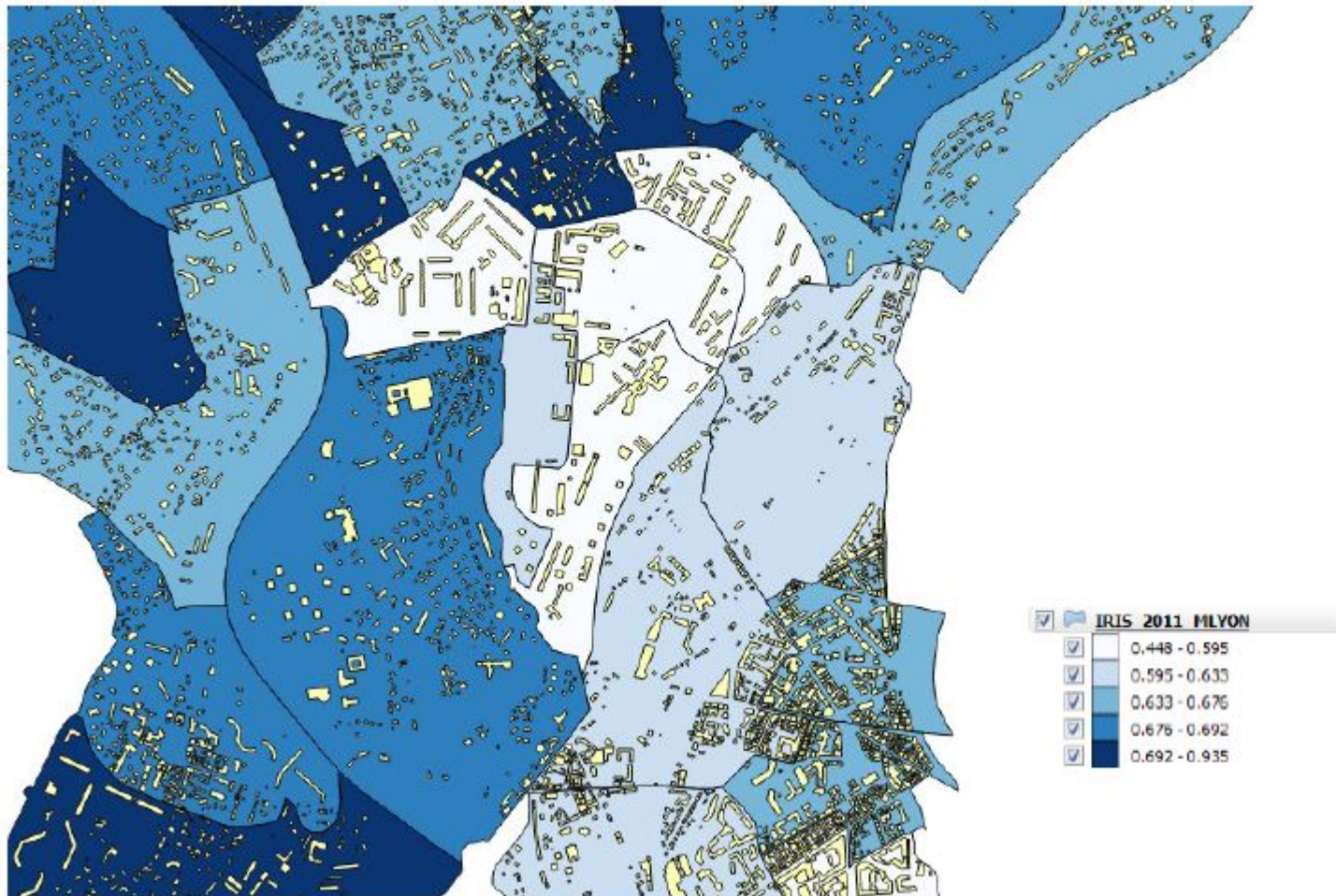


Catégorie	NomTable	Caractéristique	Intitulé de l'indicateur	Donnée	Niveau	Complexité	Priorité	Référence
Forme	Convexity1	diversité des formes	Convexité par rapport au SMBR	2D	bâtiment			Tidy City
Forme	Convexity2	diversité des formes	Convexité par rapport à l'enveloppe convexe	2D	bâtiment			Tidy City
Forme	Elongation	diversité des formes, intégration	Elongation	2D	bâtiment	1	1	Vitor Silva, Conception et évaluation de prototype de simulation de la morphogénèse urbaine par agent vecteur multi-échelle
Forme	compactness	diversité des formes	Compacité	2D	bâtiment			Tidy City
Forme	area_per_p	indicateur de forme	Aire / périmètre	2D	îlot (peut aussi être appliqué à l'échelle du bâtiment)	0	1	N.Colannino, J.Roca Cladera, K. Pfeffer, An automatic classification of urban texture : form and compactness of morphological homogeneous structures in Barcelona
Forme	volume	indicateur de forme	volume	3D	bâtiment			
Forme	formFactor	diversité	Facteur de	3D	bâtiment	1	2	J.Ganitseva et V.Coors,

Catégorie	NomTable	Caractéristique	Intitulé de l'indicateur	Donnée	Niveau	Complexité	Priorité	Référence
		des formes, intégration	Forme - SMBR					Automatic landmark detection for 3D urban models
Forme	complexity	diversité des formes, intégration	Complexité	2D	bâtiment	1	1	J.Ganitseva et V.Coors, Automatic landmark detection for 3D urban models
Forme	area	indicateur de forme, diversité des formes	Aire	2D	bâtiment, îlot	0	1	N.Colannino, J.Roca Cladera, K. Pfeffer, An automatic classification of urban texture : form and compactness of morphological homogeneous structures in Barcelona
Densité/Volume	densité du bâti 2D	Coefficient d'emprise au sol		2D	Zone	1	1	
Densité/Volume	Volume bâti 3D	Volume bâtie		3D	Zone	1	1	
Densité/Volume	végétation	Densité végétale		2D mais données pas forcément disponibles partout	Zone	1	1	
Densité/Volume	végétation	Coefficient d'occupation des sols végétaux		3D+	Zone	1	3	

# From building to zone

La Duchère : élongation - médiane





# Indexes at the level of the zones

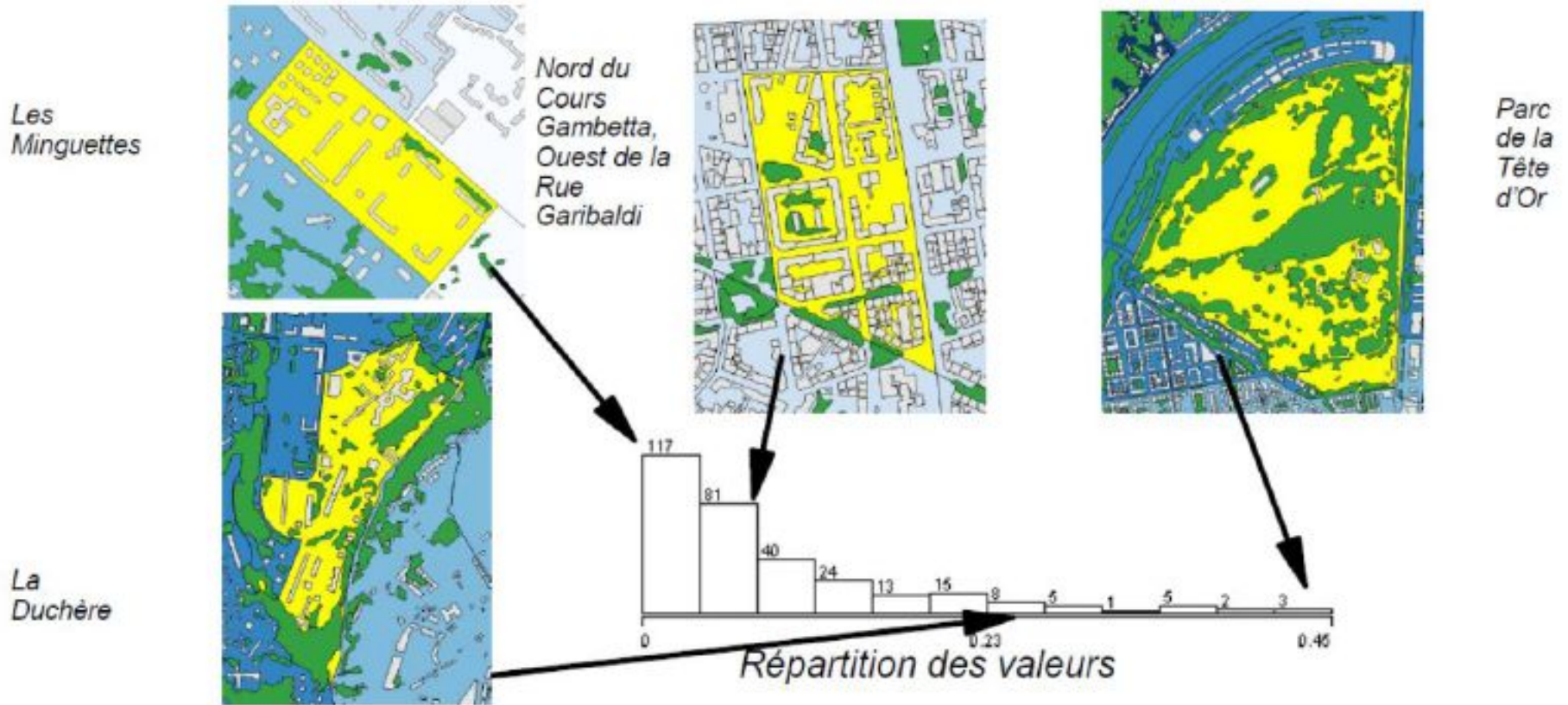
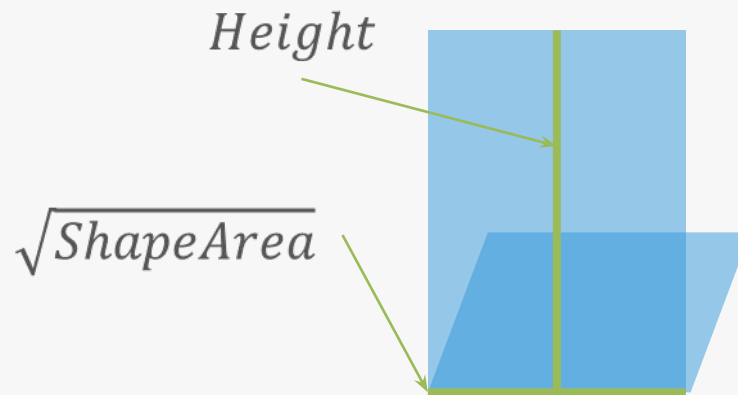


Figure 10 : Exemples de valeurs de densité végétale et positionnement de quelques IRIS par rapport à la répartition des valeurs prises issus d'une fiche que j'ai produite visant à illustrer les indicateurs du projet

# Explorations for London and Lyon

- Verticalisations indexes

*Building  
level*



$$IsVerti = \frac{Height}{\sqrt{ShapeArea}}$$

If  $(IsVerti) > 1$  □ higher than wide

*Statistical  
level*

$$IsVertiRatio = \frac{\sum(IsVerti > 1 \ \& \ Hmax > 30)}{NbBati}$$

*Hmax*

*Hmoy*

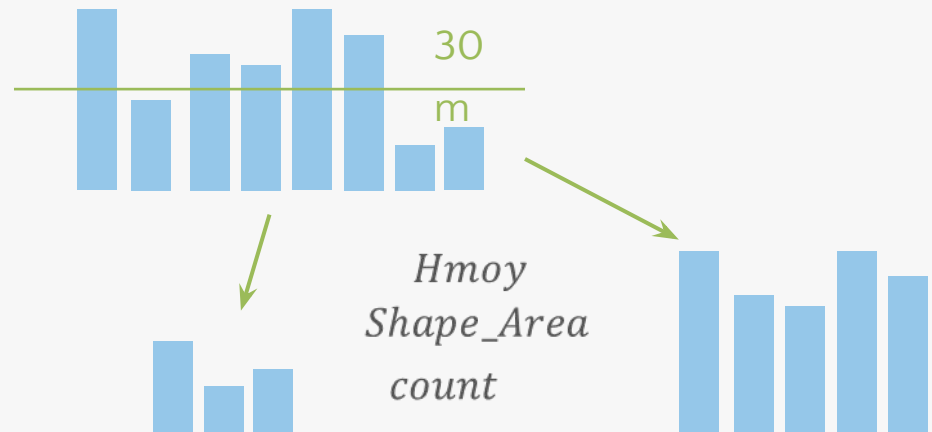
$$IsVertiMean = MEAN(IsVerti)$$

$$Hrel = \frac{Hmoy}{Hmax}$$

# Explorations for London and Lyon

- Height index

$$Hrel30 = \frac{HmoyInf30}{HmoySup30}$$



$$RatioBati30 = \frac{COUNT(B\hat{a}ti \geq 30)}{COUNT(B\hat{a}ti)}$$

$$RatioSurf30 = \frac{Shape\_Area(B\hat{a}ti \geq 30)}{Shape\_Area(B\hat{a}ti)}$$

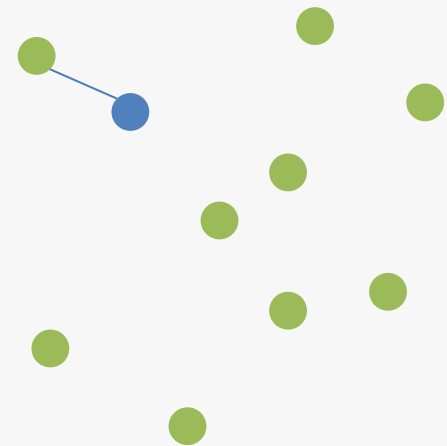
# Explorations for London and Lyon

- Dispersion

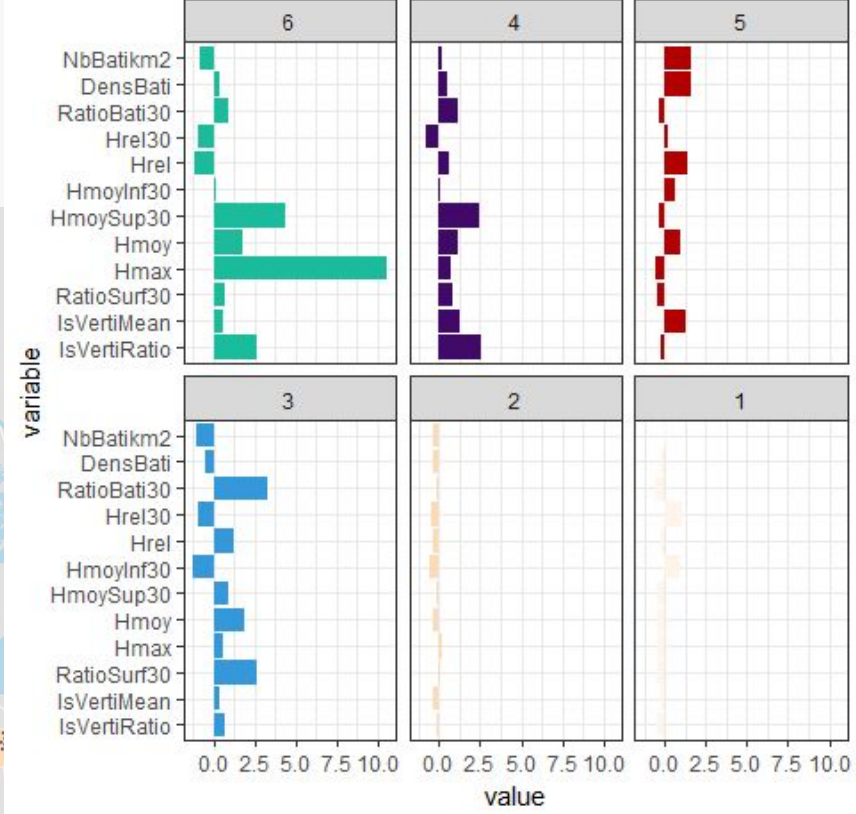
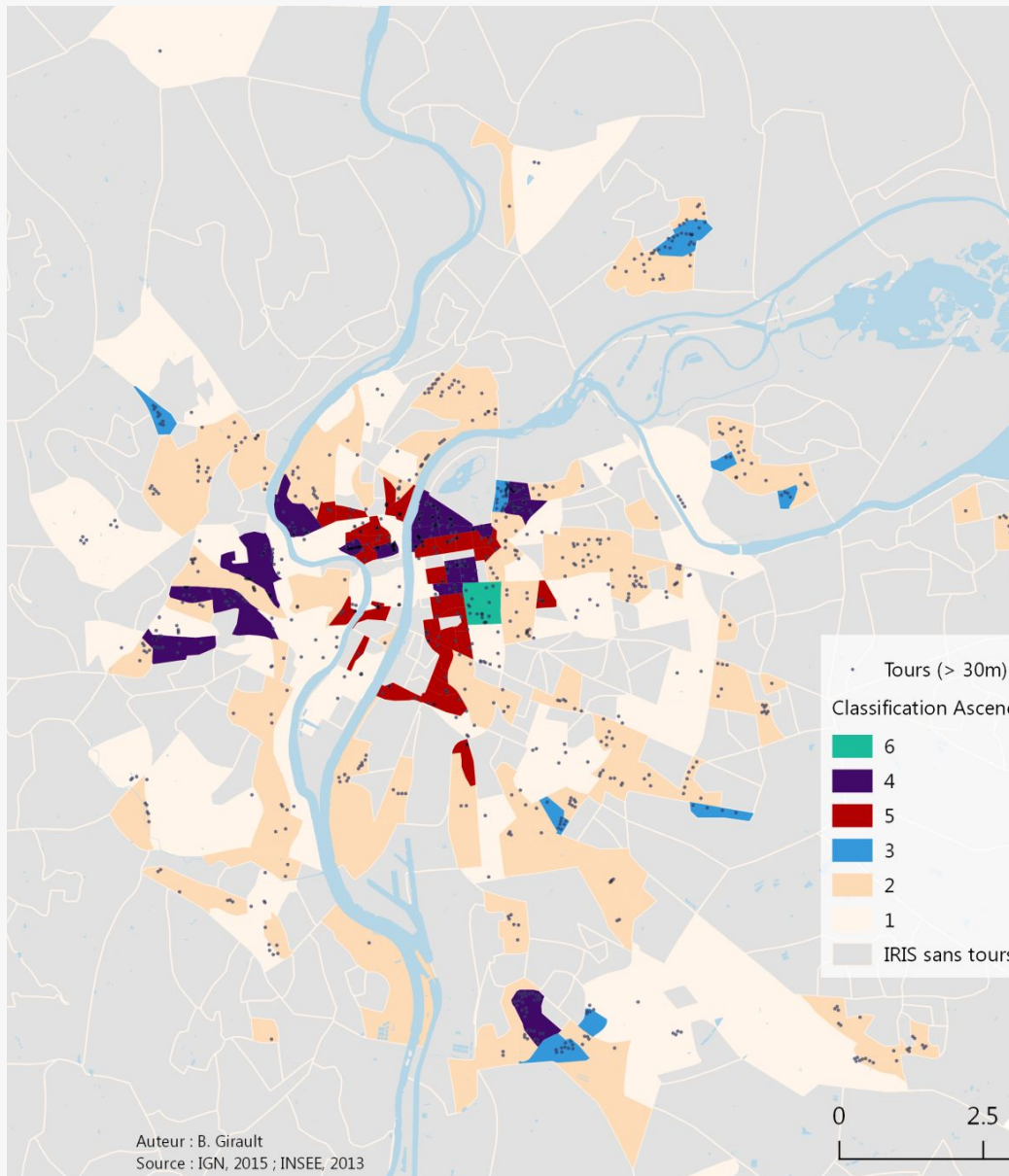
$$\text{index} \\ \mathbf{DensBati} = \frac{\sum \text{ShapeArea}(\text{Bâti})}{\text{Shape\_Area}(\text{IRIS}|\text{MSOA})}$$

$$\mathbf{NbBatiKm2} = \frac{\text{COUNT}(\text{Bâti})}{\text{Shape\_Area}/1\ 000\ 000}$$

$$\mathbf{Q1NearestNeighbor} \\ = Q1(\text{DistanceNearestNeighbor})$$

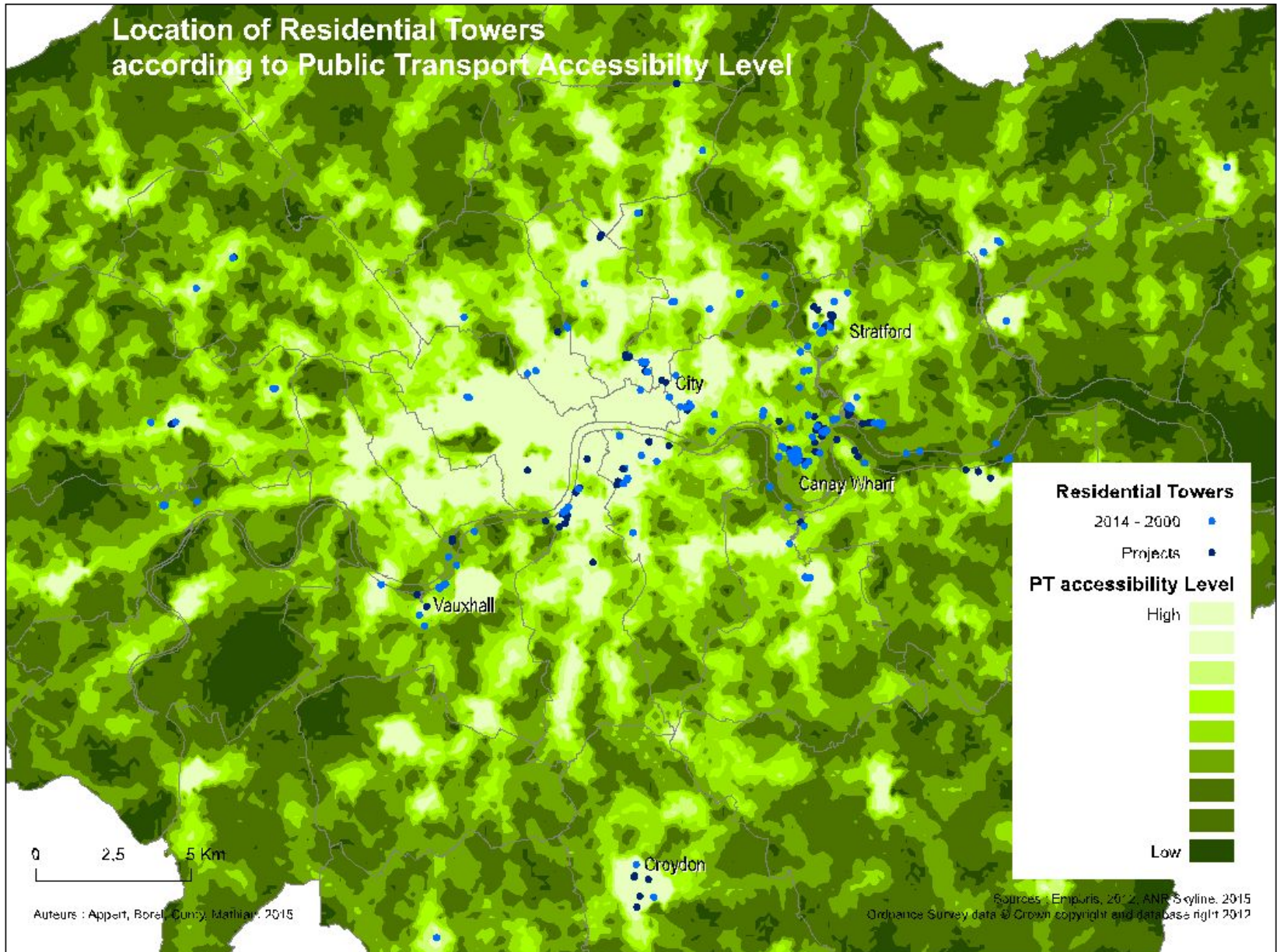






**ACCESSIBILITIES**

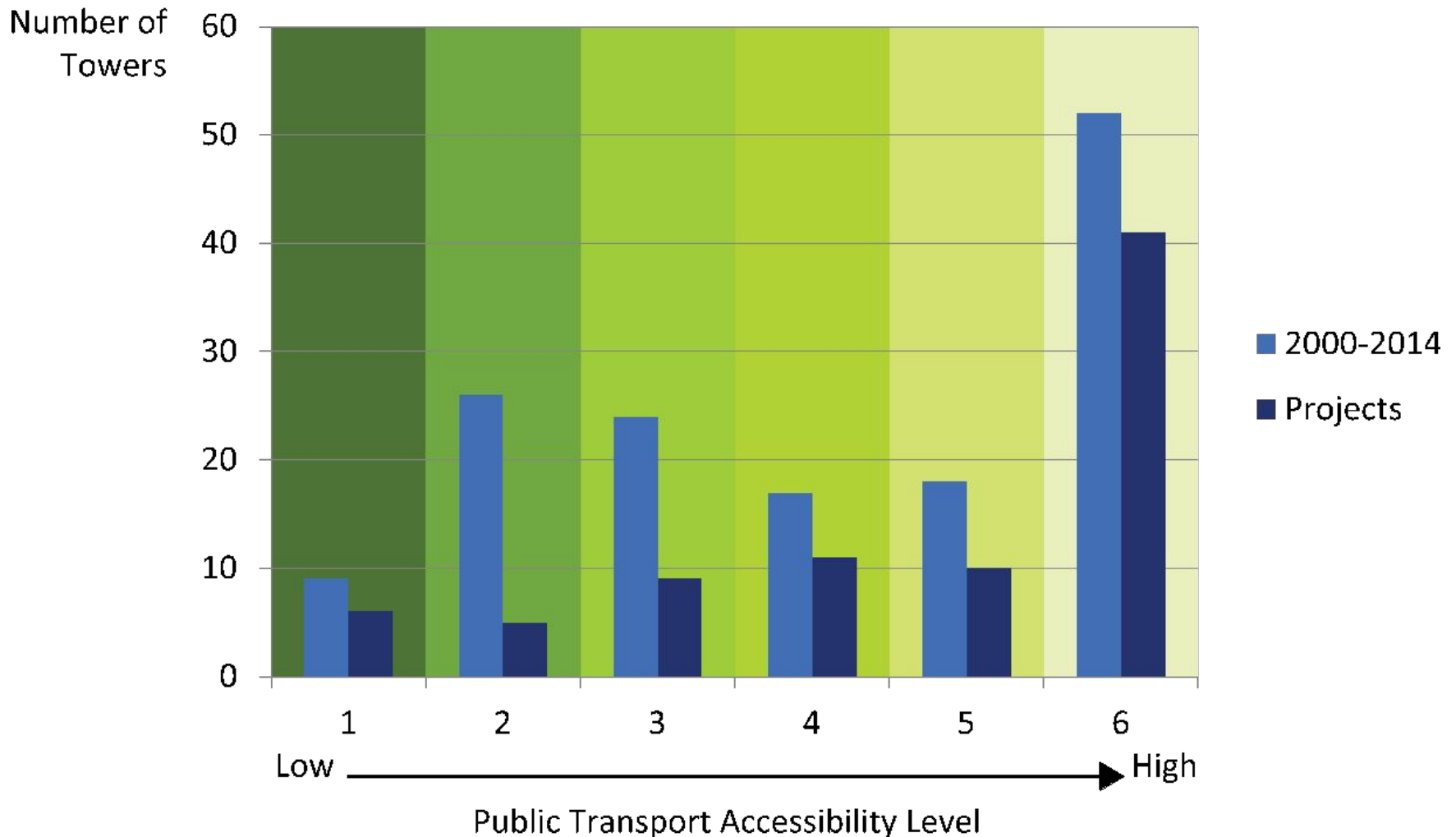
# ■ Concentrating towers close to highly accessible locations





# ■ Concentrating towers close to highly accessible locations

Residential Towers  
by Public Transport Accessibility Level



# To explore

## Global Accessibility

- To principal points of interest
- To nodes of the public transport

## Local accessibility

- Main basic commerces
- School, health services

....



# Synthesis of discussions and schedule

Task 1	Who & when
1) Conceptual framework => explicit – the dimensions to take into account and links between them - the links between IDH and verticalization process and the way to explore them	September  Manuel, Manoel, Hel & Julio ...
2) IDH - work on specifications of the process of IDH computing - for Lyon check what is possible for IDH evolution	September (Hel, Mélanie, Julio, ...)
3) Prices	September / Mélanie
4) Accessibilities: - Work on global/local accessibility index – common ?)	Lyon- September
5) Specifications and illustration of « Atlas on the web »	Mélanie, Hel, Manuel -September
6) Other analysis: - Morphology - Classification	